

ELS

English Language Studies

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CONTENTS

CONDITIONAL SENTENCES	PAGE
INTRODUCTION	2
1- "IF" CLAUSES	2
1-1 TYPE 1 : TRUE IN THE PRESENT OR FUTURE	2
1-2 TYPE 2 : UNTRUE IN THE PRESENT OR FUTURE	6
1-3 TYPE 3 : UNTRUE IN THE PAST	9
1-4 OTHER CONDITIONALS	18
1-5 "MIXED TIME" IF CLAUSES	25
1-6 OMITTING IF	28
1-7 IMPLIED CONDITIONS	29
2- "WISH" CLAUSES	33
2-1 WISH	33
2-2 "WISH" CLAUSES	33
3- AS IF / AS THOUGH	36
EXAMPLES FROM ÖYS/YDS	39
TEST YOURSELF 1	42
TEST YOURSELF 2	46
TEST YOUR VOCABULARY	62

CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

INTRODUCTION

"If clause"un Türkçe karşılığı "koşul cümlesi"dir. Koşul cümleleri iki cümlecikten oluşur: "if" clause ve temel cümle. "If" in bağlı bulunduğu cümlede koşulu, temel cümlede ise, o koşul yerine geldiğinde olabilecek eylemi, yani sonucu ifade ederiz. Cümleye "if" clause ya da temel cümle ile başlamak anlamı değiştirmez. Ancak, "if" clause cümle başında yer aldığında, temel cümleye geçerken virgül kullanılır.

If he comes early, we will go out for a walk.
conditional sentence main clause

We will go out for a walk if he comes early.
main clause conditional clause

1- "IF" CLAUSES

If clause'ları, temel olarak üç bölümde inceleyebiliriz:

a) Type 1 : True in the present or future

If the weather **is** nice, we **usually sit** in the garden. (present)
If the weather **is** nice tomorrow, we **will sit** in the garden. (future)

b) Type 2 : Untrue (contrary to fact) in the present or future

If we **were** on holiday **today**, we **would sit** in the garden.(present)
If we **were** on holiday **tomorrow**, we **would sit** in the garden.(future)

c) Type 3 : Untrue (contrary to fact) in the past

If the weather **had been** nice yesterday, we **would have sat** in the garden.
(past)

1-1 TYPE 1 : TRUE IN THE PRESENT OR FUTURE

A- İçinde bulunduğumuz anda ya da gelecekte, belli bir koşul yerine geldiğinde olabilecek olayları type 1- "if" clause ile ifade ederiz. Temel olarak kullanabileceğimiz tense'ler, "if"li cümlede Simple Present (*do/does*), temel cümlede ise Simple Future (*will/shall*) dur.

If it **doesn't rain** tomorrow, we **will go** on a picnic.

I **will visit** my parents after work if I **have** time.

They **will come** to the cinema with us if they **leave** work early enough.

If she **passes** the university exam, her life **will change** a lot.

"If"ın bağılı bulunduğu cümledeki eylem gelecek zamana ait olduğunda da, future tense yerine simple present kullanılır. Cümleye gelecek zaman anlamını, temel cümlede future tense kullanarak verebiliriz.

Perhaps she **will come** tomorrow. Then we **will study** together.

If she **comes** tomorrow, we **will study** together.

Perhaps she **will get** her salary next week. Then she'll **pay** back what she owes me.

If she **gets** her salary next week, she **will pay** back what she owes me.

Perhaps there **will be** another rise in prices soon. Then everybody **will suffer** a lot.

If there **is** another rise in prices soon, everybody **will suffer** a lot.

Perhaps they **won't invite** us to their party. Then I **shall*** never **speak** to them again.

If they **don't invite** us to their party, I **shall** never **speak** to them again.

Perhaps it **won't be** her day-off tomorrow. Then I'll **go** shopping alone.

If it **isn't** her day-off tomorrow, I'll **go** shopping alone.

B- TYPE 1- "IF " CLAUSE İLE KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ DİĞER TENSE'LER

"If"li cümlede **simple present**, temel cümlede **future tense** kullanımının dışında, gerek if clause'da gerekse temel cümlede başka yapılar da kullanabiliriz.

1- TEMEL CÜMLEDE KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ YAPILAR:

a) "Will"ın varyasyonları (will be doing, will have done, will have been doing)

She applied to a computer firm last week, and she may get the job. If she is hired, she **will be working** there as a sales representative next month.

If I start to study right away, I **will have finished** my work by the time you come back from shopping. Then we can drink our afternoon tea together.

She has been working for us for exactly ten years now, and if everything goes all right, she **will have been working** here for fifteen years by the time she retires.

b) May/Might (Possibility)

If the weather continues like this, we **may/might cancel** the garden party at the weekend.
(Perhaps we will cancel the party.)

If inflation keeps rising at its present rate, there **may/might be** another devaluation.
(Perhaps there will be another devaluation.)

* Birinci tekil (I) ve birinci çoğul (we) şahıslar için "will" yerine "shall" kullanabiliriz. Diğer şahıslarla (you, they, he, she, it) sadece "will" kullanılır.

c) May (permission) or can (permission or ability)

If you finish the test earlier than expected, you **may/can leave** the classroom. (permission)

If it stops raining soon, you **can play** in the garden. (permission or ability)

d) Must, have to, have got to (necessity); should, ought to, had better (advisability) or any expression of command, request or advice

If you don't want to be late for the beginning of the film, you **have to/must/have got to leave** at once.

If you want to get rid of this cold, you **should/ought to follow** the doctor's instructions.

If she doesn't want to be fired, she **had better be** punctual.

If you want to keep fit, **stop** smoking and **take up** a sport.

If you don't want to put on weight, **don't eat** so much.

If you don't have anything to do now, **can you do** the dishes for me?

If the film isn't worth seeing, I **would rather have** an early night.

If the weather is nice at the weekend, **why don't we have a picnic?**

shall we have a picnic?

let's have a picnic.

e) The Simple Present Tense

Temel cümlede Simple Present kullanımı çok yaygın değildir. Ancak, alışkanlıklarımızdan, belli bir koşul yerine geldiğinde genelde yaptığımız eylemlerden ve doğa olaylarından söz ediyorsak, temel cümlede **Simple Present** kullanabiliriz.

If someone shouts at me when I don't deserve it, I **get** angry. (general)

If I get hungry before lunch time, I **usually eat** a few biscuits to satisfy my hunger. (general)

If you boil water, it **evaporates**. ("will evaporate" de kullanılır.)

If the temperature drops below 0°C, water **freezes**. ("water will freeze" de mümkün.)

2- "IF " CLAUSE İLE KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ YAPILAR:

"If"li cümlede en çok kullanılan tense, **Simple Present Tense**'dir. Bunun yanı sıra kullanabileceğimiz yapıları şöyle sıralayabiliriz:

a) Can (permission or ability)

If you **can pass** the university exam, you will be one of the lucky ones.
(ability)

If one **can speak** two or more foreign languages, it is easier to find a proper job. (ability)

If you **can leave** work earlier tomorrow, shall we meet to go to the cinema?

b) Have to (necessity)

Normally, it is my off day tomorrow, but I may have to go to work to finish the project.

If I **have to go** to work, I'll let you know.

She has an exam tomorrow, so she has to prepare for it tonight.

If she **has to study** tonight, she won't be able to come to the cinema with us.

c) Present Continuous Tense

Eğer konuşma sırasında devam etmekte olan bir eylemi ifade ediyorsak, "if" clause'da **Present Continuous Tense** kullanabiliriz.

If you **are looking** for your slippers, they are under the cupboard.

- Shall I put the macaroni into the pot?

- If the water **is boiling**, you can put it in.

We can tell her the good news as soon as we get home if she **isn't sleeping**.

d) Present Perfect Tense

"If"li cümlede Present Perfect Tense'i, "*Eğer işini bitirdiyse, tamamladıysan*" gibi anlamlar vermek için kullanabiliriz.

If you **have finished** reading that book, can I borrow it for a while?

If you **have finished** your lunch, I'll ask the waiter for the bill.

If you **haven't seen** that film yet, we can go to see it tomorrow.

e) Should

"If"li cümlede "**should**" kullanmamız, olasılığın biraz daha az olduğunu vurgular.

If you need any help, I can help you.

If you **should need** any help, I can help you.

Bu iki cümle arasında çok önemli bir fark yoktur. Ancak "If you should need..." ifadesinde olasılık biraz daha azdır. Yani "Yardıma ihtiyacın olmaz ama, eğer ihtiyaç duyacak olursan..." gibi bir anlam ifade etmektedir.

Probably you won't see him tomorrow. But if you **should see** him, can you give him a message?

I don't think it will rain tomorrow. But if it **should rain**, we will have to cancel the picnic.

1-2 TYPE 2 : UNTRUE (CONTRARY TO FACT) IN THE PRESENT OR FUTURE

A- Type 2- if clause, içinde bulunduğumuz anda ya da gelecekte olacak bir olayın tersini düşünüp koşul ileri sürmek ve bu hayali koşulun sonucunu ifade etmek için kullanılır. Bu nedenle, kullanabileceğimiz tense'ler, gerçeği ifade etmek için kullanacağımız tense'lerden bir derece daha **past** olmalıdır. Yani, **will** yerine **would**, **can** yerine **could**, **do** yerine **did** kullanmak gibi...

Truth : I **don't have** enough money now, so I **can't lend** you any to buy that shirt. (present)
(Şu anda yeterli param yok. Bu yüzden, o gömleği alman için sana para veremem.)

Conditional Sentence : If I **had** enough money now, I **would lend** you some to buy that shirt. (Past tense kullanmamıza rağmen anlam present)
(Eğer şu anda yeterli param olsaydı, o gömleği alman için sana biraz verirdim.)

Truth : I will work tomorrow, so I **can't come** to the cinema with you. (future)
(Yarın çalışacağım. Bu yüzden seninle sinemaya gelemem.)

Conditional Sentence : If I **didn't have to work** tomorrow, I **would come** to the cinema with you. (Past tense kullanmamıza rağmen anlam future'dur.)
(Eğer yarın çalışmasaydım, seninle sinemaya gelirdim.)

B- TYPE 2- IF CLAUSE ile KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ TENSE'LER

1- TEMEL CÜMLEDE KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ YAPILAR:

a) Would and would be doing:

I'm not rich, so I **can't travel** around the world.
If I were rich, I **would travel** around the world.

She doesn't know French, so she will have trouble on her trip to France.
If she knew French, she **wouldn't have** trouble on her trip to France.

You have an exam tomorrow, so you are studying hard now.
If you didn't have an exam tomorrow, you **wouldn't be studying** hard now.

I think the baby is hungry, because she is crying.
If she weren't hungry, she **wouldn't be crying**.

b) Could, would be able to, might and would have to

I don't know any French, so I **can't help** you with your French assignment now.

If I knew some French, I **could help** you with your French assignment now. (meaning: present)

She won't have any time tomorrow, so she **can't/won't be able to help** me with the cleaning.

If she had some time tomorrow, she **could/would be able to help** me with the cleaning. (meaning: future)

Tomorrow is a public holiday, so we **can/will be able to have** a picnic together.

If tomorrow weren't a public holiday, we **couldn't/wouldn't be able to have** a picnic together.

You **can't get** the job, because you can't speak Russian.

If you could speak Russian, you **might/could get** the job. (Perhaps you would get the job...)

Because the prices are very high, we can't go on holiday this summer.

If the prices weren't so high, we **might go** on holiday this summer. (Perhaps we would go...)

She has a test tomorrow, so she has to study tonight.

If she didn't have a test tomorrow, she **wouldn't have to study** tonight.

Because I'm already good at maths, I don't have to study for the test now.

If I weren't good at maths, I **would have to study** for the test now.

2- "IF"li CÜMLEDE KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ YAPILAR:**a) Past of "be" (was/were)**

If clause'da 'be' fiili, bütün özneler için 'were' biçiminde kullanılır. 'I, he, she, it' için 'was' da kullanabiliriz. Ancak, bütün öznelerle 'were' kullanımı daha yaygındır.

It is wet now, so we can't go out for a walk.

If it **weren't** wet now, we could go out for a walk. (meaning: present)

They **will be** out of town next week, so we can't visit them.

If they **weren't** out of town next week, we would/could visit them. (meaning: future)

Although he **is** disturbed at work, he still keeps working there.

If I **were** him, I would stop working there.

b) Past Tense

Anlam present ya da future olduğunda, if clause'da past tense kullanılır.

She **doesn't know** that I've come back from holiday, so she won't come to see me tonight.

If she **knew** that I'd come back from holiday, she would come to see me tonight. (meaning: present)

They **won't come** to our party tomorrow, and I'm disappointed.

If they **came** to our party tomorrow, I would be happy. (meaning: future)

If clause'da anlam future olduğu zaman, simple past yerine **was to do/were to do** kullanmak da mümkün. Ancak, simple past kullanımı daha yaygındır.

Truth : He **won't resign** from this job.

Conditional Sentence : If he **resigned/were to resign** from this job, he wouldn't find another so well-paid.

Truth : He **won't be** in the office at lunch time, so I can't phone him there.

Conditional Sentence : If he **were/were to be** in the office at lunch time, I would phone him.

Truth : She **won't help** me tomorrow, so I will have difficulty doing the work on my own.

Conditional Sentence : If she **helped/were to help** me tomorrow, I wouldn't have difficulty doing the work on my own.

c) Past Continuous Tense (was/were doing)

Eğer devam etmekte olan bir eylemin (*am/is/are doing*) tersini düşünerek koşul cümlesi oluşturuyorsak if clause'da *was/were doing* kullanabiliriz.

I **'m studying** now, so I can't help you.

If I **weren't studying** now, I could help you.

(Eğer şu anda çalışıyor olmasaydım, sana yardım edebilirdim.)

The baby **is sleeping** now, so I can't go out with you.

If the baby **weren't sleeping**, I would go out with you.

d) Could and had to

I **can't leave** work early today, so I can't meet you to go to the cinema.

If I **could leave** work early today, we could go to the cinema together.

(Eğer bugün işten erken çıkabilseydim, birlikte sinemaya gidebilirdik.)

The import-export company will employ her, because she **can speak** two foreign languages.

If she **couldn't speak** two foreign languages, they wouldn't employ her.

I **have to stay** home tonight to look after the children, so I can't come to the theatre.

If I **didn't have to stay** home to look after the children, I would come to the theatre.

(Eğer çocuklara bakmak için evde kalmak zorunda olmasaydım, tiyatroya gelirdim.)

She **doesn't have to get** up early tomorrow, so she doesn't have to go to bed early tonight.

If she **had to get** up early tomorrow, she would have to go to bed early tonight.

e) **Should**

Type 2- if clause'da "**should**" kullanmak, aynı type 1'de olduğu gibi, olasılığın daha az olduğunu vurgular.

If there were a nuclear war, many living things would disappear from the earth.

If there **should be** a nuclear war, many living things would disappear from the earth.

If I were to see him tomorrow, I would give him your message.

If I **should see** him tomorrow, I would give him your message.

1-3 TYPE 3 : UNTRUE (CONTRARY TO FACT) IN THE PAST

A- **Type 3-** if clause, geçmişte olmuş olayların tersini düşünüp, bir koşul ileri sürmek ve bu koşulun sonucunu ifade etmek için kullanılır.

Truth : She **didn't study** hard enough, so she **didn't pass** the test.

Conditional Sentence : If she **had studied** hard enough, she **would have passed** the test.

Truth : She **was** late for work, because she **didn't hear** her alarm clock ring.

Conditional Sentence : If she **had heard** her alarm clock ring, she **wouldn't have been** late for work.

(Eğer saatin çaldığını duysaydı/duymuş olsaydı, işe geç kalmazdı.)

Truth : She **didn't warn** the child about the boiling kettle, so he **burnt** himself.

Conditional Sentence : If she **had warned** the child about the boiling kettle, he **wouldn't have burnt** himself.

B- **TYPE 3- IF CLAUSE ile KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ TENSE'LER**

1- **TEMEL CÜMLEDE KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ YAPILAR:**

a) **Would have done and would have been doing**

She didn't work regularly, so she **didn't finish** the project in time.

If she had worked regularly, she **would have finished** the project in time.

She didn't wear a coat, so she **caught** a cold.

If she had worn a coat, she **wouldn't have caught** a cold.

She started to work late, so she **was still working** at midnight.

If she had started to work earlier, she **wouldn't have still been working** at midnight.

b) Would have had to and would have been able to

No one helped me with the project, so I **had to work** on it until midnight last night.

If someone had helped me with the project, I **wouldn't have had to work** on it until midnight last night.

Because I knew the way to the tourist information, I **was able to direct** the tourists there.

If I hadn't known the way to the tourist information, I **wouldn't have been able to direct** them.

I ran to the bus stop, so I **was able to catch** the bus.

If I hadn't run to the bus stop, I **wouldn't have been able to catch** the bus.

c) Might have done (possibility) and could have done (permission and ability)

Because he wasn't well-qualified, he **wasn't considered** for the post.

If he had been well-qualified, he **might have been considered** for the post. (Perhaps he would have been considered...)

He had the necessary qualifications, so he **got** the job.

If he hadn't had the necessary qualifications, he **might not have gotten** the job. (Perhaps he wouldn't have gotten the job...)

Because he was extremely nervous during the driving test, he **couldn't pass** it.

If he hadn't been so nervous during the test, he **could have passed** it.

I learnt all the prepositions by heart, so I **did** well on the test.

If I hadn't learnt all the prepositions by heart, I **couldn't have done** well on the test.

2- "IF"İ CÜMLEDE KULLANABİLECEĞİMİZ YAPILAR**a) Past Perfect Tense**

There **weren't** enough people, so we had to cancel the meeting.

If there **had been** enough people, we would have held the meeting.

He **didn't obey** the speed limit, so he got a ticket for speeding.

If he **had obeyed** the speed limit, he wouldn't have gotten a ticket for speeding.

b) Past Perfect Continuous (had been doing)

He **wasn't wearing** his seat belt at the time of the accident, so he got badly injured.

If he **had been wearing** his seat belt at the time of the accident, he wouldn't have gotten injured so badly.

She **was sleeping** when I got home, so I couldn't give her the good news right away.

If she **hadn't been sleeping** when I got home, I could have given her the good news right away.

c) Had had to and had been able to

I **had to work** on my project last night, so I missed my favourite programme on TV.

If I **hadn't had to work** on my project last night, I could have watched my favourite programme on TV.

She **couldn't get** permission from her father to go to the play, so she couldn't come with us.

If she **had been able to get permission** from her father to go to the play, she would have been able to come/could have come with us.

They **were able to persuade** their landlady, so she paid for the burst pipe in the bathroom.

If they **hadn't been able to persuade** their landlady, she wouldn't have paid for the burst pipe in the bathroom.

**SUMMARY
TENSE COMBINATIONS IN TYPE 1**

If Clause	Main Clause
do/does, am/is/are doing have/has done can, have to, must, should be to do	will will be doing, will have done, will have been doing may/might do can do must, have to, have got to do should, ought to, had better do Expressions of command, request, advice or suggestion

TENSE COMBINATIONS in TYPE 2

If Clause	Main Clause
was/were did, was/were to do was/were doing could do had to do should do	would, would be doing would be able to, would have to do could do might do

TENSE COMBINATIONS in TYPE 3

If Clause	Main Clause
had done had been doing had had to do had been able to do	would have done would have been doing could have done might have done would have had to do would have been able to do

EXERCISE 1 : Write the conditional sentences for the given true situations.

- 1- They may accept my offer price for their property, so I can move house before the summer.
If they accept my offer price for their property, I can move house before the summer.
- 2- They won't accept my offer price for their property, so I can't move house before the summer.
If they accepted my offer price for their property, I could move house before the summer.
- 3- They didn't accept my offer price for their property, so I didn't move house before the summer.
If they had accepted my offer price for their property, I could have moved house before the summer
- 4- I don't need to include all the background information in my report because it is not important.
I (have to) include all the background information in my report if it (be) important.
- 5- They may need some extra staff for the conference. In that case, she'll contact me.
If they (need) some extra staff for the conference, she (contact) me.
- 6- There may be enough meat left on the chicken to make a chicken and mushroom pie.
If there (be) enough meat left on the chicken, I (make) a chicken and mushroom pie.
- 7- I didn't know the ingredients of the meat faggots, so I enjoyed them.
If I (know) the ingredients of the meat faggots, I (not, enjoy) them.
- 8- My brother is smoking lots of cigarettes these days because he is under pressure at work.
My brother (not, smoke) lots of cigarettes if he (not, be) under pressure at work.
- 9- There may be some research papers on marine pollution in the university library. In that case, I'll send you a list.
If there (be) any research papers on marine pollution in the university library, I (send) you a list.
- 10- You didn't give them enough information, so they didn't make a decision.
If you (give) them enough information, they (make) a decision.
- 11- It's very sensible that you are running several miles every night, so you'll be fit for the long distance race.
You (not, be) fit for the long distance race if you (not, run) several miles every night.
- 12- She won't take the job in Ankara because it will mean that she'll have to live away from her fiancé.
If she (take) the job in Ankara, she (have to) live away from her fiancé.
- 13- His wife didn't learn Japanese, so she made very few friends in Kyoto.
If his wife (learn) Japanese, she (make) more friends in Kyoto.

- 14- It didn't stay sunny, so I couldn't wear my pink cotton suit for the garden party.
If it (*stay*) sunny, I (*can, wear*) my pink cotton suit for the garden party.
- 15- He has to listen to his doctor's advice in order for his health to improve.
His health (*improve*) if he (*listen*) to his doctor's advice.

EXERCISE 2 : Write the true situations for the given conditional sentences.

- 1- If she considered her mother's wishes, she would live in Turkey.
She doesn't consider her mother's wishes, and so she doesn't live in Turkey.
- 2- If Tom Jones hadn't injured his leg, my son wouldn't have played in the school basketball tournament.
My son in the school basketball tournament because Tom Jones his leg.
- 3- If Owen is fit enough, we'll ask him to accompany us on our cycle ride across Norway.
Owen fit enough. In that case, we him to accompany us on our cycle ride across Norway.
- 4- If he had put more effort into his business, he wouldn't have had to close his shop.
He more effort into his business, so he close his shop.
- 5- If I knew her address, I could take the CD she wanted to her home.
I her address, so I the CD she wanted to her home.
- 6- We would have held an inquiry if the social worker had told her superior of her suspicions.
We an inquiry because the social worker her superior of her suspicions.
- 7- If you had been diligent, you would have noticed these mistakes before you handed your work in.
You diligent, so you these mistakes before you handed your work in.
- 8- If you aren't able to pass your Cambridge First Certificate exam this time, you can retake it in August.
You your Cambridge First Certificate exam this time. In that case, you it in August.
- 9- If she didn't think of herself as attractive, she wouldn't be applying to modelling agencies.
She of herself as attractive, so she to modelling agencies.
- 10- If he hadn't been under pressure, he wouldn't have made the mistake.
He the mistake because he under pressure.
- 11- If there are ferries from the island at night, we can eat dinner here on Kinalhada.
There ferries from the island at night. In that case, we dinner here on Kinalhada.
- 12- If there were ferries at this time of year from the island at night, we could stay on Kinalhada for our dinner.
There ferries at this time of year from the island at night, so we on Kinalhada for our dinner.

- 13- My parents would get really worried if they knew that we're walking home from the city centre in the dark.
My parents that we're walking home from the city centre in the dark, so they worried.
- 14- They would accept the order if they were a little less busy at the moment.
They the order because they very busy at the moment.
- 15- If my daughter sleeps a few hours this afternoon, I'll paint the rest of the balcony.
My daughter a few hours this afternoon. In that case, I the rest of the balcony.
- 16- Of course, I wouldn't be checking the prices of holidays to Cuba if I weren't thinking of going there.
Of course, I of going to Cuba, and that is why I the prices of holidays there.

EXERCISE 3 : Complete the sentences with the verbs in parentheses.

- 1- If I (*can, find*) a Turkish teacher here in Shrewsbury, I (*take*) some more lessons, but unfortunately, I have to teach myself.
- 2- I feel awful with this flu. If I (*not, have to*) hand in my end-of-term report, I (*call*) the professor with an excuse for not attending his lesson this afternoon.
- 3- Please, darling! If you (*catch*) the bus to the shops today, I (*drive*) you to the new shopping centre on Friday. I don't want to miss Turkey's match against Senegal.
- 4- I (*make*) you a sandwich if I (*know*) that you hadn't eaten anything on your flight.
- 5- I agree that she is a great teacher, but I (*like*) her much better if she (*give*) us less homework.
- 6- We liked Montreal, but we (*see*) more of the city if we (*not, have to*) leave so early the next morning.
- 7- If the terrorist group ETA (*not, set*) off so many car bombs in holiday resorts this summer, we (*go*) to Spain for our holiday, but we went to Austria instead.
- 8- If she (*care*) about money more than music, she (*not, play*) in this orchestra at the moment.
- 9- If they (*bring*) up their children properly, they (*not, turn*) into criminals. They are both in prison at the moment.
- 10- I (*help*) you with your Russian homework if you (*can, come*) around to my house later tonight. Let me know.
- 11- If I (*have*) a bigger car, I (*can, take*) you all to the airport, but, I'm afraid we'll have to call a taxi.
- 12- A: I (*type*) the notes from the meeting for you if you (*leave*) them on my desk before you go.
B: Thanks. I'll see you after my holiday.
- 13- If you (*not, eat*) so much at lunchtime, you (*not, feel*) ill all day.
- 14- If he (*warn*) me about the road works, I (*not, take*) that road. Now I am over an hour late for my appointment.
- 15- I (*not, sit*) there if I (*be*) you. There is an ants nest just beside you.

Just for Fun

RUNS for HER LIFE

We live in a rural area and our youngest daughter, Pat, is a cross-country champion. Part of her training is running 60 to 70 miles a week on local country roads. For safety purposes, her father follows closely behind her with his large tractor.

During one of his visits, my elderly grandfather watched her training from an upstairs window. As she turned into the lane, I commented that she was becoming quite fast.

"Well," Grandfather replied, "I'd be very fast too if I was about to be run down by a tractor."

(by Jane Metzler from Reader's Digest)

EXERCISE 4: Choose the correct answer.

- 1- Janine you some advice on some suitable computer software for your aim if you her.
 - A) can give/phone
 - B) gave/have phoned
 - C) will give/had phoned
 - D) had given/would have phoned
 - E) would give/are phoning

- 2- I down your number if I right now. Can you call me back in half an hour?
 - A) would write/weren't driving
 - B) could be writing/am not driving
 - C) were writing/wouldn't drive
 - D) had written/haven't been driving
 - E) might write/hadn't driven

- 3- If you someone being beaten up, you try to intervene on behalf of the victim?

A) have seen/did	B) had seen/will
C) saw/would	D) would see/can
E) will see/do	

- 4- If I with my parents until I was thirty like you, I a house too.
 - A) am living/would buy
 - B) have been living/will buy
 - C) live/am buying
 - D) had lived/could have bought
 - E) lived/can buy

- 5- We the carnival if I fit a curtain rail for my mother-in-law.
 - A) can watch/didn't have to
 - B) will watch/haven't had to
 - C) could have watched/hadn't had to
 - D) watched/won't have to
 - E) were watching/wouldn't have to

- 6- If you your dog for a walk more often, he so frustrated all the time.
- A) took/wouldn't be
 - B) are taking/isn't
 - C) have taken/hadn't been
 - D) will take/wasn't
 - E) had taken/won't be
- 7- If he now, he his membership card before Christmas.
- A) applied/has received
 - B) was applying/had been receiving
 - C) applies/will receive
 - D) will apply/receives
 - E) would apply/would have received
- 8- He the customs officers completely if they that the date on his passport had been altered.
- A) will fool/didn't notice
 - B) fooled/weren't noticing
 - C) would have fooled/hadn't noticed
 - D) fools/haven't noticed
 - E) is fooling/won't have noticed
- 9- If we double glazing on our windows, we on our electric bills.
- A) had/would save
 - B) have/are saving
 - C) had had/save
 - D) are having/saved
 - E) will have/can save
- 10- If we still in Portugal this week, we outside in the sunshine, instead of this gloomy weather here.
- A) are/will be
 - B) were/would be
 - C) had been/can be
 - D) have been/are
 - E) were/were
- 11- I haven't phoned them yet, but if the tickets out already, we you after the show.
- A) have sold/will meet
 - B) were selling/have met
 - C) had sold/will be meeting
 - D) are selling/could meet
 - E) sold/should have met

- 12- If you \$500 on the pavement, what you with it?
- A) are finding/have...done
 - B) would find/would...be doing
 - C) found/would...do
 - D) will find/would...have done
 - E) had found/did...do
- 13- If my brother sensible, he some of his wages every month instead of spending his money so extravagantly.
- A) were/would save
 - B) is/has been saving
 - C) has been/would have saved
 - D) is being/was saving
 - E) had been/will be saving
- 14- If we in the future, our children in a polluted, dangerous and corrupt world.
- A) haven't invested/were living
 - B) hadn't invested/are living
 - C) won't invest/would have lived
 - D) don't invest/will live
 - E) aren't investing/would live
- 15- If you tired while you are driving, you a break without delay.
- A) would feel/must take
 - B) felt/were taking
 - C) are feeling/have taken
 - D) will feel/will be taking
 - E) feel/should take
- 16- If you accustomed to high humidity, you the trek difficult.
- A) wouldn't have been/have found
 - B) haven't been/had found
 - C) aren't/will find
 - D) won't be/were finding
 - E) weren't/will be finding
- 17- He to work as a policeman if he as a teenager.
- A) would have applied/hadn't been arrested
 - B) would apply/didn't arrest
 - C) will apply/wasn't going to arrest
 - D) is applying/wasn't arrested
 - E) applies/hasn't been arrested

18- I the grilled steak as well if it a garlic sauce on it.

- A) will order/isn't having
- B) could order/wouldn't have
- C) am ordering/won't be having
- D) had ordered/wouldn't have had
- E) would have ordered/hadn't had

19- I'm sure your English teacher your letter for you if you ask her politely.

- A) will check
- B) has checked
- C) checked
- D) is checking
- E) would have checked

20- If you the report on the company, you why the price of their shares has dropped.

- A) will read/have understood
- B) have read/understood
- C) could read/were understanding
- D) were reading/understand
- E) read/will understand

Just for Fun

BLOSSOMS OF WHAT?

My daughter Bonnie knew how much I loved flowers. Once, when she was nine, she picked some branches from our neighbour's blossoming fruit tree. Realising she intended to please me, I didn't scold her, but chose a different approach.

"These are lovely, Bonnie, but if you had left them on the tree, each of these blossoms would have become a cherry."

"No, they wouldn't," she stated firmly.

"Oh yes, they would. Each of these blossoms would have grown into a cherry."

"Well, OK," she finally conceded, "but they were plums last year!"

(by Betty Bangay from Reader's Digest)

1-4 OTHER CONDITIONALS

1- PROVIDED/PROVIDING THAT, AS LONG AS/SO LONG AS, ONLY IF

Bu yapılar, tense kuralları açısından aynı "if" gibi kullanılırlar. Ancak "if"den daha güçlü bir koşul ifade ederler.

You can pass the exam if you study hard.
(Eğer çok çalışırsan sınavı geçebilirsin.)

You can pass the exam **only if** you study hard.
 provided (that)
 providing (that)
 as long as
 so long as

Sınavı ancak çok çalışırsan geçebilirsin.

"Only if" cümlelerinin başında kullanılırsa, temel cümle devrık olur. Diğerlerinde böyle bir deęişiklik yapılmaz.

Provided (that) you study hard, you can pass the exam.

Providing (that)

As long as

So long as

Only if you study hard **can you pass** the exam.

I **will lend** him some money **provided** he **promises** to pay me back.

I **would lend** him some money **provided** he **promised** to pay me back.

I **would have lent** him some money **provided** he **had promised** to pay me back.

I **can forgive** her **so long as** she **apologizes** to me.

I **could forgive** her **so long as** she **apologized** to me.

I **could have forgiven** her **so long as** she **had apologized** to me.

2- UNLESS

Unless, "**except on the condition that**" anlamını veren bir bağlaçtır. Olumsuz bir anlama sahip olduđu için bağı bulundđu cümle genellikle olumlu yapıdadır. Bu nedenle unless, bazı cümlelerde "**if ... not**" yerine kullanılabilir. Unless daha çok uyarı anlamı içeren ifadelerde kullanılır. Type 2- if clause ile kullanımı çok kısıtlıdır.

You can't pass the exam **if** you **don't study**.

You can't pass the exam **unless** you **study**.

We can't get to the cinema in time for the beginning of the film **unless** we **leave** immediately / **if** we **don't leave** immediately.

Unless you **leave** home at once, you will be late for work.

The factory will have to be closed down **unless** the economic situation **improves**.

Unless'in bağı bulundđu cümle genellikle olumludur ancak anlamı olumsuzdur. Unless'den sonra olumsuz bir ifadenin kullanılması çok güçlü bir vurgu belirtir.

Don't go out in the midday sun **unless/except on the condition that** you really **can't avoid** it.

Don't go out in the midday sun **if** you **can avoid** it.

Bu iki cümle anlamca birbirine yakındır. Ama unless'li cümle güçlü bir uyarı, if'li cümle ise bir öğüt ifade eder.

3- EVEN IF

Even if, "... *olsa bile, ... olmasa bile*" anlamını verir. Yani, istenilen koşul yerine gelmese bile, sonuç deęişmeyecek demektir. Şu iki cümleyi karşılaştıralım:

If it is cold tomorrow, we **won't go** on a picnic.

(Eğer yarın hava soğuk olursa pikniğe gitmeyeceğiz.)

Even if it is cold tomorrow, we **will go** on a picnic.

(Yarın hava soğuk olsa bile pikniğe gideceğiz.)

I will forgive him **if** he **apologizes** to me.

(Eğer benden özür dilerse onu bağışlarım.)

I **won't forgive** him **even if** he **apologizes** to me.

(Benden özür dilesse bile onu bağışlamayacağım.)

If clause'da kullanılan tense kuralları, even if için de geçerlidir.

I **will go** to the party even if they **don't invite** me.
I **would go** to the party even if they **didn't invite** me.
I **would have gone** to the party even if they **hadn't invited** me.

4- WHETHER ...OR NOT

Whether ... or not "... *olsa da, olmasa da*" anlamını verir. Yani istenilen koşul yerine gelse de gelmese de sonucu etkilemeyecek demektir.

I **will go** to the party **whether** they **invite** me **or not**.
(Beni davet etseler de etmeseler de partiye gideceğim.)

Whether... or not ile **even if**, anlam yönünden birbirlerine benzerler.

I **won't forgive** him **whether** he **apologizes** to me **or not**.
I **won't forgive** him **even if** he **apologizes** to me.

You **have to help** him **whether** you **like** him **or not**.
You **have to help** him **even if** you **don't like** him.

You **must hand** in your exam papers **whether** you **have finished** writing **or not**.
You **must hand** in your exam papers **even if** you **haven't finished** writing.

5- SUPPOSE/SUPPOSING (THAT), ON CONDITION THAT and WHAT IF

Suppose that we miss the train, how else can we get there?
If we miss the train, how else can we get there?

Suppose that he deceived you, how would you react?
If he deceived you, how would you react?

I can allow you to use my car **on condition that** you promise to drive carefully.

You can take my dictionary **on condition that** you bring it back by Friday.

What if your paycheck doesn't arrive in time?
What will happen if your paycheck doesn't arrive in time?

What if he didn't come tomorrow?
What would happen if he didn't come tomorrow?

What if you hadn't learnt the news?
What would have happened if you hadn't learnt the news?

6- IN CASE

a) **In case**, "...*olursa diye*" anlamını verir. Temel cümlede yapılan eylem, "in case"li cümledeki olabilecek, olması muhtemel bir başka eyleme karşı bir ön hazırlık ifade eder.

I **will take** something to eat **in case** I **get** hungry during the journey.
(Yolda acıkırsam diye yanıma yiyecek bir şeyler alacağım.)

I **took** an umbrella with me **in case** it **rained**.
(Yağmur yağarsa diye yanıma şemsiye aldım.)

I **sent** him a second letter **in case** he **hadn't received** the first one.
(Birincisini almamışsa diye ona ikinci bir mektup gönderdim.)

"In case", "if" ile karıştırılan bir bağlaçtır. Ancak, ikisi farklı anlamlar ifade ederler. Şu iki örneği karşılaştıralım:

I will go to my mother's tomorrow **in case** she **needs** help for my brother's wedding preparations.

(Kardeşimin düğün hazırlıkları için yardıma ihtiyacı olursa diye yarın annemlere gideceğim.)

I will go to my mother's tomorrow **if** she **needs** help for my brother's wedding preparations.

(Kardeşimin düğün hazırlıkları için yardıma ihtiyacı olursa, yarın annemlere gideceğim.)

Birinci örnekte, "Annemin yardıma ihtiyacı olabilir veya olmayabilir. Ama yardıma ihtiyacı olduğunda ben orada hazır bulunmak istiyorum." anlamı ifade edilmektedir. İkinci örnekte ise "Annemin yardıma ihtiyacı olursa gideceğim." ifadesi, "ihtiyacı olmazsa gitmeyeceğim." anlamına gelmektedir.

I will take an umbrella with me when going out **in case** it rains.

(Yağmur yağarsa diye dışarı çıkarken yanıma şemsiye alacağım.)

(Yağmur yağabilir de, yağmayabilir de. Ama eğer yağarsa ben hazırlıklı olacağım.)

I will take an umbrella with me when going out **if** it rains.

(Dışarı çıkarken yağmur yağarsa yanıma şemsiye alacağım. Ama yağmazsa almayacağım.)

b) In case ile kullanabileceğimiz tense'ler:

Main Clause	+	in case	+	subordinate clause
Future (will or going to)				Simple Present
Simple Present				should
Present Continuous				can, can't
Present Perfect				

Main Clause	+	in case	+	subordinate clause
would				Past Tense
Past Tense				Past Perfect
Past Perfect				should
				could, couldn't

Temel cümle ile yan cümle arasında bir tense uyumu gerekmektedir. Ancak **should**, temel cümle **present**, **future** veya **past** olduğu zaman da kullanılır. "Should"un buradaki anlamı gereklilik değildir. Sadece, olasılığın biraz daha az olduğunu vurgular.

I want to give you my phone number in case you need to call me/in case you should need to call me.

I gave him my phone number in case he needed to call me/in case he should need to call me.

He would always take (used to take) his umbrella with him in case it rained/should rain.

Take plenty of clothes with you while going on holiday **in case** you **can't wash** the dirty ones.

I **advised** her to take plenty of clothes with her while going on holiday **in case** she **couldn't wash** the dirty ones.

I'm **cooking** plenty of meals **in case** someone **comes/should come** for dinner.

I cooked plenty of meals **in case** someone **came/should come** for dinner.

I've **already booked** a seat for you **in case** you **decide/should decide** to come to the theatre with us.

I **had already booked** a seat for her **in case** she **decided/should decide** to come to the theatre with us.

c) In case'in cümleye verdiği anlamları başka şekillerde de ifade edebiliriz.

I always put some money aside **in case** I **need/should need** it urgently.

I always put some money aside **because** I **may need** it urgently/**because it is possible** that I will need it urgently.

I always put some money aside **for fear that** I **may need** it urgently.

I wrote my name and address on the suitcase **in case** I **lost it/should lose** it.

I wrote my name and address on the suitcase **because** I **might lose** it/**because it was possible** that I would lose it/**for fear that** I would lose it.

d) In case of + a noun

"In case of'dan sonra bir isim gelir ve "... *durumunda*..." anlamını verir.

In case of emergency, you can call this number.

If there is an emergency, you can call this number.

The flight's full, but we'll put your name on the list, **in case of cancellation**.

EXERCISE 5 : Rewrite the sentences using UNLESS.

1- If we don't employ two more nurses, we won't be able to meet the targets for reducing waiting times.
.....

2- I won't finish this plate of steak and chips if you don't help me.
.....

3- If you aren't interested in marine pollution and scuba diving, you won't enjoy this book.
.....

- 4- The mountaineers knew that they wouldn't be able to continue if the weather didn't improve.
.....

- 5- If I don't get a date for my operation soon, I will pay for a private operation.
.....

EXERCISE 6 : Rewrite the sentences below using EVEN IF.

- 1- Whether it is a painful experience for you or not, you have to be a witness against this dangerous man.
.....

- 2- She is determined to go to the USA for her education whether her parents approve or not.
.....

- 3- You may enjoy these assessment meetings or may not, but I'm afraid you have to attend them regularly.
.....

- 4- They didn't include the carpets and curtains in the house sale, but whether they had or hadn't, we wouldn't have wanted them.
.....

- 5- I don't like night clubs, but whether I do or not, I wouldn't go to 'Zanzibar'.
.....

EXERCISE 7 : Complete the sentences using IF or UNLESS.

- 1- I've plugged in the vacuum cleaner, but it doesn't work. We'll have to buy a new one it's the electric plug that's faulty.
2- I would advise you not to buy a dog you don't have a large garden.
3- There is no point in visiting Salzburg you are interested in visiting historical buildings and learning about Mozart because there is nothing else to do.
4- passing your Chartered Institute examination was as difficult as you say, no one would ever pass the exam.
5- she hadn't had an accident, she might never have met George, the driver of the car that she ran into.
6- You had better stop gossiping and start working, of course, you want to join the unemployment line tomorrow.

- 7- Children can't play on the climbing frame they aren't supervised by an adult.
- 8- Children can't play on the climbing frame they are supervised by an adult.
- 9- You can't join this elite army division you are both extremely fit and intelligent.
- 10- Manchester would be a really nice city it didn't have such a high level of crime.

EXERCISE 8 : Complete the sentences using IF or IN CASE.

- 1- The Vice President takes over control of the White House the President is seriously ill or unconscious for any reason.
- 2- Why don't you wait until you graduate from university to get engaged you change your mind about your future?
- 3- you are flying early in the morning from Heathrow Airport, why don't you stay overnight near London?
- 4- Let's take our tennis rackets to the French resort there isn't enough snow for skiing.
- 5- We can play tennis and swim in the French resort there isn't enough snow for skiing.
- 6- You can ask at the village post office you have trouble finding the Castle.
- 7- I'll give you my mobile number now you have trouble finding the Castle tomorrow.
- 8- I'll check the date of the meeting with the Purchasing Manager he is busy that afternoon.
- 9- I'll check the date you gave me for the meeting with the Purchasing Manager. he is busy that afternoon, I'll have to ask you for another convenient date.
- 10- I keep a pin in my handbag any buttons fall off during the day.
- 11- you keep a pin in your handbag, you don't have to worry about buttons falling off.
- 12- I have packed some medicine for an upset stomach, so I won't be unprepared I eat something that upsets me in Egypt.
- 13- It's possible that Egyptian food might upset your stomach at first, so it's best to take some medication it does.
- 14- The St John's Ambulance volunteers will be at the village sports day anyone gets injured.
- 15- Hopefully, no one will get hurt during the sports day, but they do, the volunteers from St John's Ambulance will be there to help.

Just for Fun

YOU NEED ONE

On my way to an appointment during a heavy rainstorm, I received a call on my pager that required an immediate response. When I spotted a pay phone, I parked my car and stepped out into the deluge. As I approached the telephone, it started to ring. Water running down my face, I told the caller that there was no one around and that I needed to make a call right away.

"You wouldn't be standing in the rain if you had a cellular phone," the man replied. "Look across the parking lot. I'm the guy in the car waving."

He was a car-phone salesman, waiting for potential customers.

(by E.W. Tegart from Reader's Digest)

1-5 "MIXED TIME" IF CLAUSES

"Mixed time" if clause, temel cümledeki tense ile koşul cümlesindeki tense in farklı type'lara ait olduğunu ifade eder. Örneğin, koşul cümlesinde type 3 kullanırken, temel cümlede type 2 kullanabiliriz. Ya da tersi. Ancak burada, eylemlerin if clause dışında gerçek tense'lerinin ne olduğuna çok dikkat etmeliyiz.

I **spent** all my money foolishly, and I am broke now.

If I **hadn't spent** all my money foolishly, I **wouldn't be** broke now.

Yukarıdaki örnekte, "I spent all my money foolishly." cümlesi past tense ile ifade edilmiştir. Yani bu cümleyi **type 3** ile ifade edebiliriz. "I'm broke now." ise **present tense**'dir ve bu gerçeğin tersini düşündüğümüzde, bunu **type 2** ile ifade edebiliriz.

He **is** a rude man, because he **rebuked** his wife in front of others at the party last night.

If he **weren't** a rude man, he **wouldn't have rebuked** his wife in front of others at the party last night.

Bu örnekte ise "He is a rude man." kişinin genel halini ifade etmektedir ve bunu koşul cümlesine **type 2** ile aktarabiliriz. "He rebuked his wife ..." cümlesi ise geçmişte olmuş bir olayı ifade ettiği için, bunu da **type 3** ile aktarabiliriz.

He **didn't study** hard enough for the test, and now he **is** sorry about the score.

If he **had studied** hard enough for the test, he **wouldn't be** sorry about the score now.

We **missed** the bus because of you, and now we **are waiting** here in the rain.

If we **hadn't missed** the bus because of you, we **wouldn't be waiting** here in the rain now.

I **couldn't get** high grades in the quizzes, and now I **have to study** very hard for the finals.

If I **had been able to get** high grades in the quizzes, I **wouldn't have to study** so hard for the finals now.

EXERCISE 9 : Write sentences with IF.

- 1- He didn't take his family's advice, so he is completely broke now.
.....
- 2- They bought a house in Yalova because they like the town and the surrounding area.
.....
- 3- We have to sign for stationery supplies this year because the employees used far too much last year.
.....
- 4- He is deceitful, so his business partner withdrew from the company last year.
.....
- 5- She has no idea of the serious nature of her family's financial problems. She asked her father for a new car.
.....
- 6- He didn't join the union, so he doesn't have a lawyer to seek compensation for his horrific injuries from the work accident.
.....
- 7- You didn't achieve your high school diploma last year with the rest of your class, so this year, you are studying in the same classroom again.
.....
- 8- What did I tell you? You worked too late into the night and you are tired now.
.....
- 9- We can't park by the Post Office now. They made it a pedestrian area in November.
.....
- 10- We didn't book hotel accommodation in advance, and now we are walking around Rome in unbearable heat looking for a decent hotel.
.....

EXERCISE 10 : Write the true situations for the given conditional sentences.

- 1- If he hadn't lost his temper with his boss, he would still be working there now.
(so/because)
He lost his temper with his boss, so he isn't working there now.
He isn't working there now because he lost his temper with his boss.
- 2- If she had worked harder during the year, I would have recommended her for a promotion at yesterday's management meeting. (because)
.....
- 3- If his father hadn't left him some money in his will, he wouldn't be enjoying a comfortable life now. (and now)
.....

- 4- If he hadn't been very nervous, he would have been able to pass the audition. (*because/so*)
.....
.....
- 5- If I hadn't witnessed it myself, I wouldn't have believed it. (*so*)
.....
- 6- If we had stayed an extra day in Italy, we would have been able to visit Pompeii. (*so*)
.....
- 7- We could mingle with the Haitians at the market if it weren't too dangerous. (*because*)
.....
- 8- If I had chosen a more interesting degree subject, I wouldn't be reading such a boring book as 'A Guide to Operational Risk Assessment' now. (*and now*)
.....
- 9- If we had telephoned the airline before we left, we wouldn't be in the wrong airport terminal building now. (*and now*)
.....
- 10- If I hadn't changed to a part-time job, I wouldn't spend four days with my children every week. (*so*)
.....
- 11- We could stay here on the riverbank all afternoon if I didn't have to pick your daddy up from work. (*because*)
.....
- 12- Fountains Abbey wouldn't look so splendid if volunteers weren't working all the time on its upkeep. (*because*)
.....
- 13- If any of my children had shown any interest in historical sites before, I would suggest visiting Pompeii instead of the beach today. (*so*)
.....
- 14- If a kind wealthy widow hadn't paid for Dembo to attend school and university, he wouldn't be treating patients in Gambia today. (*so*)
.....
- 15- He wouldn't have become a juvenile delinquent if his parents hadn't beaten him and neglected him. (*because*)
.....

Just for Fun

I AM RIGHT

Lonn and I were involved in a petty argument, both of us unwilling to admit we might be in error. "I'll admit I'm wrong," I told my husband in a conciliatory attempt, "if you admit I'm right." He agreed and, like a gentleman, insisted I go first. "I'm wrong," I said. With a twinkle in his eyes, he responded, "You are right!"

(*by Jeannine Buckley from Reader's Digest*)

1-6 OMITTING IF

Koşul cümlelerinde "if" kullanmadan, devrik cümle yapısını kullanarak, yani yardımcı fiili öznenin önüne getirerek (**auxiliary + subject**) "if" anlamı verebiliriz. Olumsuz cümlede "not" öznenin sonra gelir.

a) Type 1

Type 1 if clause'ları devrik yapmak için **Should + Subject** yapısı kullanılır.

If you need any help, don't hesitate to call me.
Should you need any help, don't hesitate to call me.

He can improve his English if he goes abroad next Summer.
Should he go abroad next Summer, he can improve his English.

If you don't pay your bills in time, you may get into trouble.
Should you not pay your bills in time, you may get into trouble.

b) Type 2

Type 2 if clause'lar; "be" fiili bulunan cümleler için "**were + subject**", diğer fiiller için ise "**were + subject + to do**" kullanarak devrik yapılır.

If I were you, I would forgive him.
Were I you, I would forgive him.

I would feel happy now if he were here.
I would feel happy now **were he** here. *

If you weren't busy right now, we could go out for a walk.
Were you not busy right now, we could go out for a walk.

I would give him your message if I saw him tomorrow.
Were I to see him tomorrow, I would give him your message.

I would miss the bus if I didn't leave now.
Were I not to leave now, I would miss the bus.

c) Type 3

Type 3 if clause'ları **Had + subject** biçiminde devrik yapabiliriz.

If he had been more careful, he wouldn't have had an accident.
Had he been more careful, he wouldn't have had an accident.

If he had been driving more carefully, he wouldn't be in hospital now.
Had he been driving more carefully, he wouldn't be in hospital now.

If he hadn't forgotten about the meeting, he would have gone there.
Had he not forgotten about the meeting, he would have gone there.

If he hadn't driven me crazy, I wouldn't have punished him.
Had he not driven me crazy, I wouldn't have punished him.

* Devrik cümle ikinci bölümde de yer alabilir. Ancak cümlelerin başında kullanılması daha yaygındır.

EXERCISE 11 : Rewrite the sentences with the same meaning by omitting "if".

- 1- If you require special meals, such as vegetarian ones, we can arrange this.
.....
- 2- If you agreed with Simon, I would support the project too.
.....
- 3- I would have attended the meeting if they had informed me about the training manager's presentation.
.....
- 4- If he had bought a house in a decent area, he wouldn't owe the bank more than the present value of the property now.
.....
- 5- If a customer wants more assurance of our standards of work, you can let him or her speak to one of our regular clients.
.....
- 6- If he knew anything about the subject, people might believe him.
.....
- 7- She wouldn't have gone to America as a nanny if it weren't the only way to perfect her English.
.....
- 8- If you need to speak to a victim support officer, ring this number any time during the day or night.
.....
- 9- If I hadn't realised the dreadful reputation of the area, I would have moved there.
.....
- 10- If I were you, I wouldn't move to Moss Side, Manchester.
.....

1-7 IMPLIED CONDITIONS

Bazen ifadelerimizde koşul cümlesi kullanmadan da koşul ileri sürebiliriz. Yani, açık olarak bir koşul cümlesi yoktur ifademizde; ancak, ima edilmiş bir koşul vardır. "*Dün seni görmeye gelecektim ama vaktim olmadı*" ifadesinde bir koşul cümlesi yoktur. Ama bu cümle, koşul cümlesi kullanarak oluşturacağımız bir başka ifadeyle eş anlamlıdır. "*Eğer dün vaktim olsaydı seni görmeye gelecektim.*"

İngilizce'de, **but**, **otherwise**, **or else**, **without** gibi sözcükler kullanarak, ima edilmiş koşul cümleleri oluşturabiliriz.

a) BUT

I **would have come** to see you yesterday, **but** I **didn't have** time.

(If I had had time, I would have come to see you yesterday.)

I **would like to come** with you, **but** my father **doesn't let** me out alone at night.

(If my father let me out alone at night, I would like to come with you.)

He **would be** a lawyer now, **but** he **had to quit** school because of his financial problems.

(He would be a lawyer now, if he hadn't had to quit school because of his financial problems.)

b) "OTHERWISE" or "OR (ELSE)" (Aksi takdirde, Yoksa)

You **have to hurry**; **otherwise**, you **will miss** the bus.

(If you don't hurry, you will miss the bus.)

You **must study** hard, **or (else)** you **won't pass** the exam.

(If you don't study hard, you won't pass the exam.)

She **must be** very happy; **otherwise** she **wouldn't be laughing** so uproariously.

(If she weren't very happy, she wouldn't be laughing so uproariously.)

He **must be studying** hard, **or (else)** he **wouldn't get** such high marks.

(If he weren't studying hard, he wouldn't get such high marks.)

I **must have forgotten** to set my alarm clock; **otherwise**, it **would have gone** off at 7 this morning.

(If I had set my alarm clock, it would have gone off at 7 this morning.)

She **didn't tell** him the truth, **or (else)** he **would have gotten** angry with her.

(If she had told him the truth, he would have gotten angry with her.)

c) WITHOUT

I can't possibly finish this job **without any help**.

(I can't possibly finish this job **if I don't get any help**.)

We would still be living like primitives **without electricity**.

(**If there were no electricity**, we would still be living like primitives.)

Without his generous contributions, we could never have held the Charity Ball.

(**If he hadn't contributed generously**, we could never have held the Charity Ball.)

EXERCISE 12 : Complete the sentences with the given verbs in parentheses. Some of the verbs are passive.

- 1- I (*not, hire*) a taxi normally, but I have several packages to carry today.
- 2- Providing that I (*keep*) strictly to my diet until my holiday, I (*lose*) five kilos by then.
- 3- Without brave individuals who communicated to the world the unjust occupation of their land by Indonesia, the people of East Timor (*may, never, win*) their independence.
- 4- I'm glad my mother-in-law looked after my son during the week before my exam, or else I (*can, fail*) my First Certificate English exam.
- 5- John (*can, not, complete*) the deal; otherwise, he (*boast*) about it now.
- 6- Roberto's family live on the Mediterranean coast, so he (*can, live*) in a sunny climate now instead of here in cold Chicago.
- 7- If his parents (*teach*) him Turkish as a boy, he (*be able to*) talk to his team mates in the Turkish team now.
- 8- A: The weather forecast is good for the weekend. Do you fancy a weekend away?
B: It (*be*) wonderful, actually, but I (*have to*) work on Saturday.
- 9- We (*can, extend*) our house with our lottery winnings last summer, but we (*decide*) that we (*deserve*) a holiday and (*go*) to Canada instead.
- 10- Gertrude (*must, be*) really impressed by the tour of the ceramics workshop a fortnight ago, or else she (*not, order*) a complete dinner service from the company already.
- 11- I (*not, pay*) privately for my operation, but the waiting times in a National Health Service hospital (*be*) too long, so I had to pay £6,000 so that I could resume normal life.
- 12- I (*prepare*) a meal for my parents last Saturday, of course, but they (*insist*) on taking us to the Japanese restaurant.
- 13- Unfortunately, my manager (*ask*) me for a report on our performance this morning; otherwise, I (*love*) to join you all for lunch in town.
- 14- Jo's brother (*help*) us with all these boxes, but unfortunately, he (*have*) a knee operation last week.
- 15- Were I to pass my First Certificate English exam, I (*like*) to take an accounting course in the UK.

- 16- Without considerable structural changes, we (*not, be able to*) build another storey onto our house. Can we afford it?
- 17- Without the use of her new electric wheelchair, Martha (*be*) confined to her home now.
- 18- I think it is probably worthless, but suppose that father's Ottoman plate (*date*) from the 16th century, you (*sell*) it to an antique dealer?
- 19- I'm sure the employees (*accept*) the changes providing that their benefits (*explain*) properly.
- 20- While making the dress, Millie didn't pin the pattern to the fabric properly; otherwise, she (*not, have*) problems fitting the sleeves.
- 21- At last we've finished preparing the stage! I'm grateful to all the mothers. Without your contributions, it (*can, not, complete*) in such a short time.
- 22- Why didn't you tell me you were going to do some work in the garden? I (*come*) to help you instead of going window-shopping.
- 23- I (*not, beat*) Rachel in a running race even if she gave me 10 metres head start.
- 24- So long as you are sure of the way into town, I (*drop*) off at the museum just on the outskirts.
- 25- You should make an appointment with the doctor in case this condition (*require*) prescription medication.
- 26- I'm going to take a good book with me to the two-day conference in case my hotel room (*not, have*) a television.
- 27- Without the local leisure centre, young people here (*have*) nothing to do.
- 28- The movie 'Spiderman' can't be suitable for a ten-year-old boy; otherwise, it (*not, give*) a '12' certificate.
- 29- Had my ski suit been a larger size, I (*offer*) to lend it to you, but it (*not, fit*) you.
- 30- Isn't it a shame? The disaster (*can, avoid*) with a properly trained air traffic controller.

Just for Fun

GRATEFUL TO THE DOORS

A woman and I entered the elevator in the building where we worked. Just as the doors were closing, a hand slipped between them, forcing them to reopen. In stepped a man.

"It's a good thing the doors opened," the woman said, "or it would have been painful."

"Yes," replied the man, "and embarrassing as well. I'm in charge of elevator inspections for the state!"

(by Ronny Richardson from Reader's Digest)

2- WISH CLAUSES

2-1 WISH

"Wish"ın sözcük anlamı 'istemek, dilemek'tir. Bu açıdan "want" ve "would like" ile aynı anlamı taşır. Ancak "wish" bunların içinde daha çok resmi ortamlarda kullanılır.

"Wish"ten sonra bir başka fiile geçebiliriz.

Who do you **wish to see**, sir? (wish to do something)
I **wish to see** the manager.

The Prime Minister **wished the Opposition to be** more reasonable about the new tax system. (wish someone to do something)

"Wish"ten sonra bir isim gelebilir. Ancak "wish"ın bu kullanımı kısıtlıdır. "Want" ve "would like"tan sonra herhangi bir ismi kullanabiliriz. "I want/would like some coffee. I want/would like a ticket to Ankara" gibi. "Wish"i ise, ancak "şans, mutluluk, başarı dilemek" gibi yapılarla kullanabiliriz.

Wish me luck in the exam. (wish someone something)
I **wish you a swift recovery**.
I sent a card to my parents and **wished them a Happy New Year**.

"Wish"ten sonra bir cümle (*that clause*) gelebilir. Bu cümlelerin tense'i, **present** ya da **future tense** olamaz. Mutlaka gerçek durumu ifade eden cümledeki tense'in bir derece past biçimi olmalıdır: *do* yerine *did*, *can* yerine *could*, *have done* yerine *had done* gibi. ("Want" ve "would like"tan sonra bu şekilde cümle gelmez.)

She **isn't** here now. I wish she **were** here now.
(Keşke o şimdi burada olsaydı.)

We **don't have** enough money. I wish we **had** enough money.
(Keşke yeterince paramız olsaydı.)

I **can't help** her. I wish I **could help** her.

2-2 WISH CLAUSES

a) A wish about the present

"Wish + subject + past tense", kişinin, içinde bulunduğu anda hoşuna gitmeyen olayları, memnuniyetsizliğini ifade eder. "Be" fiili için bütün öznelerle "were" kullanılır.

Ali **isn't** as tall as his friend Ahmet.
Ali wishes (that) * he **were** as tall as his friend Ahmet.
(Ali is sorry that he isn't as tall as his friend Ahmet.)

I **am** very busy now, so I can't help you.
I wish I **weren't** so busy now.
(I'm sorry that I'm very busy now.)

I **don't know** where he is, so I can't contact him.
I wish I **knew** where he is.
(It's a pity that I don't know where he is.)

* "Wish"ten sonra "that" kullanabiliriz. Ancak **that** kullanmadan cümleye geçmek daha yaygındır.

She **doesn't trust** me. I wish she **trusted** me.

I **have to stay** home today. I wish I **didn't have to stay** home today.

I **can't do** anything to relieve the situation.

I wish I **could do something** to relieve the situation.

He **is working** now. I wish he **weren't working** now.

It's **raining** heavily, so I can't go out.

I wish it **weren't raining** so heavily.

b) A wish about the past

"**Wish + subject + past perfect**", geçmişte gerçekleşmiş olan olaylardan duyulan pişmanlığı ya da o olaylardan dolayı yakınmayı ifade etmek için kullanılır.

He **wasn't** here yesterday, so he missed the party.

I wish he **had been** here yesterday.

I **had to work** yesterday, so I couldn't go to the theatre with them.

I wish I **hadn't had to work** yesterday.

I **couldn't get up** early yesterday, so I was late for my date.

I wish I **could have got up/had been able to get up** early yesterday.

I **didn't have** enough money on me, so I couldn't lend him some.

I wish I **had had** enough money on me.

I **was driving** very fast at the time of the accident, so the person I hit got seriously injured.

I wish I **hadn't been driving** fast at the time of the accident. **OR**

I wish I **had been driving more slowly** at the time of the accident.

c) A wish about the future

Wish clause'larda "**would**"un kullanımı belli kurallara bağlıdır. Temel cümle ile (*I wish, she wishes, etc.*) yan cümlelerin özneleri aynı ise (*I wish I, She wishes she*), temel cümlede "**would**" kullanamayız. Çünkü "**would**", içinde bulunduğumuz anda ya da gelecekte memnun olmadığımız ya da hoşumuza gitmeyen bir olayı bir başkasının değiştirmesini istediğimiz anlamını ifade eder. Bu nedenle, iki cümlelerin özneleri farklı olduğu zaman (*I wish you would ..., She wishes they would...*) "**would**" kullanabiliriz.

I'm sure it will be a wonderful picnic.

I wish **you would** come too. (I want you to come.)

You are driving too fast.

I wish **you would** slow down. (I want you to slow down.)

She is thinking about studying abroad, but I don't want to be away from her.

I wish **she would** change her mind. (I want her to change her mind.)

It's raining heavily, and I don't want to go out in the rain.

I wish **it would** stop raining. (I want the rain to stop.)

Eğer geleceğe yönelik bir ifade kullanmak istiyorsak ama iki cümledeki özneler aynı ise "**could**" ya da **past tense** kullanabiliriz.

I have to work tomorrow.

I wish **I didn't have to** work tomorrow.

She can't come with us tomorrow, and she is disappointed about this.

She wishes **she could** come with us tomorrow.

I don't think I will have spare time tomorrow to help you, but I wish I **could** help you.

If only * de "**I wish**" ile aynı anlamdadır ve aynı tense kurallarına göre kullanılır. Ancak **if only** biraz daha dramatik (daha üzücü) olayları ifade ederken kullanılır.

If only he hadn't been so seriously injured!

If only I knew where she is living now!

If only we could do something to deaden her pain!

If only you would drive more slowly!

If only'nin bağlı bulunduğu cümleden sonra bir sonuç cümlesi gelebilir. Bu kullanım "**I wish**" için mümkün değildir.

If only I had known that you were in the hospital, I would have come to visit you.

If only you would drive more slowly, I would feel more relaxed.

If only I knew where she is living now, I could write to her.

EXERCISE 13 : Complete the sentences using the correct forms of the verbs given in parentheses. Some of the verbs are passive.

- 1- I wish I (*can, apply*) for this job, but the age limit is 35 years old.
- 2- I'm not very happy with the school my son is attending. I wish I (*enrol*) him in a private school.
- 3- If only the last customer (*buy*) a large vase instead of a tiny one, then we would have had a profitable day.
- 4- My hair looks smart, but I wish it (*cut*) a bit shorter. It will need cutting again in a couple of weeks.
- 5- I wish you (*let*) me know earlier when you will be late.
- 6- You say you wish you (*can, work*) for yourself, but I'm sure you (*change*) your mind if you (*know*) the amount of work required to run a successful business in this field.
- 7- I wish our neighbours (*move*) They are noisy, untidy and violent.
- 8- If only we (*sweep*) the chimney before lighting the fire, then we (*not, have*) a fire in the chimney.
- 9- I like playing cricket on the pitch at Great Chart best, but I wish it (*be*) closer to our house.

* "If only" ile "only if" birbirinden farklıdır. *If only*, "keşke" anlamını verir. *Only if* ise "ancak ... yaparsan" anlamındadır.

- 10- I wish you (*can, see*) the look on his face yesterday when he saw the colour I had painted the living room.
- 11- I wish we (*live*) in the city. There is nothing for teenagers to do in this village.
- 12- I wish my son (*not, have*) a car. Now I feel worried whenever he drives somewhere.
- 13- I wish you (*check*) our reservation before letting the taxi driver drop us off, then we (*not, stand*) outside the Blue Moon Hotel instead of the Blue Lagoon Hotel now.
- 14- Right now, I wish we (*sit*) on a long sandy, tropical beach, instead of a pebble beach on the UK's south coast.
- 15- If only I (*have*) better eyesight. I can't read anything now without my glasses.
- 16- I wish I (*leave*) my hair to grow long, instead of having it cut last week.
- 17- It is a nice conference room, but I wish the tables (*set*) out differently. I prefer them in a 'U' shape rather than in rows.
- 18- He must now wish that he (*not, reject*) our offer because I've heard that he earns less in his new job.
- 19- I wish you (*arrange*) the appointment with the builder for my day off. Now I have to trust the cleaning lady to explain exactly what we want.
- 20- I wish you (*not, make*) so much noise so early in the morning all the time.
- 21- I wish I (*can, stroke*) your beautiful cat, but I'm allergic to cats.
- 22- I wish he (*decorate*) the living room another week, as we are having a dinner party on Thursday night.
- 23- I wish you (*stop*) sniffing, Johnny. Go and get a handkerchief.
- 24- I wish my daughter (*continue*) with her ballet lessons. She (*can, be*) a wonderful dancer now instead of being a shop-assistant.
- 25- Virtually everybody wishes they (*can, stay*) young forever although they know it is just impossible.

3- AS IF/AS THOUGH

As if/as though "sanki", "gibi" anlamını verir. *Look, seem, sound* gibi fiillerle çok sık kullanılır. Eğer **as if/as though** ile gerçek bir olay hakkındaki izlenimimizi ifade ediyorsak, kullanacağımız tense, gerçeği ifade eden tense olmalıdır.

There are dark clouds in the sky. It seems **as if/as though** it **is going to rain**. (Yağmur yağacak gibi görünüyor.)

The travel agent praised the holiday resort a lot. It sounds **as if we are going to have** a nice holiday.

Look at Sue! She isn't wide awake enough today.

She looks **as if she didn't sleep** well last night.

(Sanki dün akşam iyi uyumamış gibi görünüyor.)

The streets are quite clean today. It seems **as if** they **have just cleaned** them.

You aren't in a hurry to prepare dinner. It seems **as if** you **had eaten** just before I **arrived**.

We haven't told her the bad news, but she is talking **as if** she **knows** it. It's likely that she heard about it from Sally.

This problem is rather difficult, but you seem **as if** you **can solve** it by yourself.

Look at those children in the play ground. They are laughing happily. They seem **as if** they **are having** a good time.

She didn't promise me but it seems **as if** she **will help** me.

Eğer temel cümledeki fiil past time'a ait ise (*She seemed ...*, *She was talking ...*, *It had seemed...*, etc.), **as if/as though**'dan sonra gelen cümlelerin tense'i present ya da future time'a ait bir tense olamaz. Ancak, gerçekte kullandığımız tense'in bir derece past biçimini kullanabiliriz: *do* yerine *did*, *will* yerine *would*, *can* yerine *could*, *am/is/are doing* yerine *was/were doing* gibi...

There were dark clouds in the sky. It **seemed as if** it **was going to rain**.

She wasn't wide awake enough yesterday. She **looked as if** she **hadn't slept** well the previous night.

The streets were quite clean. It **seemed as if** they **had just cleaned** them.

We hadn't told her the bad news, but she **was talking as if** she **knew** it. Perhaps she had heard about it from someone else.

The problem was rather difficult, but he **seemed as if** he **could solve** it by himself.

The children were playing and laughing happily in the play ground. They **seemed as if** they **were having** a good time.

She hadn't promised me, but it **seemed as if** she **would help** me.

As if/as though ile gerçekteki izlenimimizi ifade etmiyorsak, sadece bir benzetme yapıyorsak, o zaman gerçeği ifade eden cümlelerin past biçimi kullanılır ve bu cümlelerde bir hayal (*imagine*) ifade edildiği için, **"be"** fiilinin past biçimi olarak bütün öznelerle **"were"** kullanımı tercih edilir.

I **am** not their daughter, but they treat me as if I **were** their daughter.

(Bana kızlarıymışım gibi davranıyorlar.)

She speaks as if she **knew** everything. (In truth, she **doesn't know** everything.)

Sometimes she talks to her husband as if he **were** a child. (He **isn't** a child.)

She is always complaining as if she **had** no money.

(In fact, she **has** a lot of money in her bank account.)

I'm exhausted. I feel as if a roller **had run** over me.

(A roller didn't run over me.)

She speaks English and German as if they **were** her mother tongue. (English and German **aren't** her mother tongue.)

Bu tür cümlelerin temel cümlesindeki fiil past tense olduğunda da, **as if/as though**'lu cümlelerin tense'i değişmez.

They **treated** me as if I **were** their daughter.
 She **spoke** as if she **knew** everything.
 She **talked** to her husband as if he **were** a child.
 She **was always complaining** as if she **had** no money.
 I was exhausted. I **felt** as if a roller **had run** over me.
 She **spoke** English and German as if they **were** her mother tongue.

EXERCISE 14: Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in parentheses. Pay attention to whether the situation is real or imaginary.

- 1- Although the farm was connected to mains electricity, there were candles, gas lamps and oil lamps everywhere as if they (*expect*) a power cut at any moment.
- 2- She buys lots of things whenever we go shopping. In fact, she spends money as if she (*have*) an endless supply of it.
- 3- The barbecue is useless. It appears as if the steak (*not, be*) ready until midnight.
- 4- The airport at Faro was so hot that, by the time we boarded the aeroplane, I felt as if I (*sit*) in a sauna with my clothes on for six hours.
- 5- It appears as if she (*win*) a lot of money as she has bought a country house with a swimming pool and a new Mercedes.
- 6- It was a big roast leg of lamb, but there wasn't any meat left on it. It looked as if vultures (*pick*) the bones clean.
- 7- Excuse me, Sir. It appears as if you (*smoke*) in a 'no-smoking' area. Would you please either extinguish your cigarette or move outside?
- 8- From the expression of boredom on their faces during the play, it appeared as if the children (*not, appreciate*) the artistic merits of Shakespeare. It seemed as if they (*not, follow*) the story and (*can, not, wait*) to get home.
- 9- From the poor condition of my bean plants, it appears that the leaves (*eat*) by something.
- 10- Listening to Maria, you would feel as if she (*know*) the Duke of York personally, but actually her father is one of the Duke's gardeners.
- 11- She is very talented. The blouse she made looked as if it (*sew*) together by an experienced seamstress.
- 12- The lady told the immigration officer that she was indeed the lady in the photograph in the Dutch passport, but he looked at her as though he (*not, believe*) her.
- 13- I hate my brother giving me orders to do some chores as if I (*be*) his maid.
- 14- The tickets are selling really well. At this rate, it seems as if all tickets (*sell*) before the opening night.
- 15- It sounds as though the auction (*start*) soon. We had better take our seats.

EXAMPLES FROM ÖYS/YDS

1- If I were you, I to a smaller house.

- A) would move B) had moved
C) was moving D) have moved
E) moved

(ÖYS 1988)

2-, I would invite you to dinner.

- A) If I knew how to cook
B) Since it was only six o'clock in the evening
C) Unless the shops are all closed
D) Even though everyone was free
E) Whether my wife can get back in time

(ÖYS 1988)

3-, I would refuse to obey that order.

- A) If I were you
B) Although he's wrong
C) When I leave the meeting
D) Whether you signed the document
E) As long as the lecture lasted

(ÖYS 1989)

4- If only we the holiday better, we all the major cities of Germany.

- A) have planned/visited
B) had planned/could have visited
C) planned/visit
D) plan/are visiting
E) could have planned/had visited

(ÖYS 1989)

5- It's so hot and dry here; I wish I on holiday soon.

- A) had gone B) have gone
C) could go D) will go
E) could have gone

(ÖYS 1990)

6- If the advertisement were on television,

- A) there may be a great demand for it
B) they would have had a place in the market
C) it might reach a larger group of people
D) they were selling more and more goods
E) it can be too expensive and complicated for them

(ÖYS 1990)

7- "I can't possibly get these papers filed by midday unless someone helps me."
cümlesine anlamca en yakın olan seçenek aşağıdakilerden hangisidir?

- A) Unless you help me till 12 o'clock, I'm not going to file all these papers.
B) I shall have to have some help, if I am to get this filing job finished by 12 o'clock.
C) The papers have to be filed before lunch time, so you will have to help me.
D) I'll help you file those papers before lunch if I possibly can.
E) It's possible that with your help we can get these papers filed today.

(ÖYS 1990)

8- The play starts in half an hour; we hurry, we're going to be late.

- A) when B) in case
C) unless D) since
E) whether

(ÖYS 1991)

9- If the rules hadn't been ignored

- A) the problem could become that serious
B) it will be easier to communicate with them
C) this error would never have occurred
D) there have been no disagreements so far
E) they may not feel a need to strengthen the police force

(ÖYS 1991)

10- If we don't start early in the morning

- A) you'd better pack up now
B) we may not get there before it gets dark
C) the main road has been blocked
D) we wouldn't have had time to enjoy the view
E) we were still worried about our flight to Rome

(ÖYS 1991)

11- If I had saved enough money last year

- A) I still can't pay the bill
B) I would have gone to Europe this April
C) we might even be able to buy a car
D) I was also working as a shop assistant
E) we had been staying in a big hotel

(ÖYS 1992)

12- Unless the necessary precautions are taken immediately

- A) we shall not be able to control the epidemic
- B) there has been heavy rain resulting in widespread flooding
- C) all the attempts to rescue the passengers were in vain
- D) the casualties have been taken to the nearest hospital
- E) the country suffered the worst economic disaster since 1927

(ÖYS 1992)

13- if all nations work together.

- A) The threat to the environment can only be overcome
- B) They wouldn't have been in such a difficult position now
- C) The committee decided to sign the agreement
- D) There would be a steady improvement in the company's trading position
- E) The new manager has many problems to solve

(ÖYS 1993)

14- "We'll have to set off by 6 in the morning if we are to get there in the daylight."

cümlesine anlamca en yakın seçenek aşağıdakilerden hangisidir?

- A) It gets light by 6 a.m., so we don't need to travel in the dark.
- B) Though we leave before 6 a.m., it will be dark by the time we arrive there.
- C) Let's leave in the dark so as to be there before 6 a.m.
- D) We left at 6 a.m. in order to arrive before it got dark.
- E) It will be necessary to leave at 6 a.m. at the latest if we are to arrive before dark.

(ÖYS 1993)

15- I wish I you, but I was short of money myself.

- A) have helped
- B) can help
- C) would help
- D) could have helped
- E) help

(ÖYS 1995)

16- If I had known you were coming

- A) I may ask John to join us
- B) there is a very good meal waiting for you
- C) I would have arranged to stay at home this evening
- D) you won't need to take a taxi to the station
- E) I ought to have given you my telephone number

(ÖYS 1995)

17- Take your credit card with you you are expected to pay for the dinner.

- A) in case
- B) unless
- C) so that
- D) but
- E) whether

(ÖYS 1996)

18- If they let us know which flight they are coming on, then of course we them at the airport.

- A) have met
- B) will meet
- C) would have met
- D) had met
- E) met

(ÖYS 1996)

19-, it's important to replace the water you lose through sweating.

- A) When sales of bottled water had increased
- B) Even if you don't feel thirsty after exercising
- C) Although more than half the weight of the human body is water
- D) Not only do we get some water from the foods we eat
- E) Since tap-water is the most reliable source

(ÖYS 1996)

20- If only you had consulted the dentist when the trouble began

- A) the pain naturally stops as soon as you arrive for your appointment
- B) this tooth could not have been saved
- C) you can get his number from the telephone directory
- D) you would not be needing all this expensive treatment now
- E) I can recommend mine with great confidence

(ÖYS 1996)

21- If I you were coming round to see me this afternoon I a cake for us.

- A) would have known/have made
- B) have known/will make
- C) did know/had made
- D) knew/will have made
- E) had known/would have made

(ÖYS 1997)

22- If I how far away the concert hall was, I there by bus.

- A) realize/have gone
- B) have realized/went
- C) had realized/would have gone
- D) realized/will go
- E) will realize/go

(ÖYS 1998)

23- If you me know what bus you were taking, I there to meet you.

- A) had let/would have been
- B) would let/will have been
- C) let/have been
- D) will let/would be
- E) would have let/had been

(YDS 1999)

24- If I you were on your own, I you to come round here for the day.

- A) knew/have asked
- B) have known/will have asked
- C) had known/would have asked
- D) would know/had asked
- E) know/will ask

(YDS 2000)

25-, there is enough food and water for everyone.

- A) If they had used their resources properly
- B) Though nature would have been spoiled
- C) Unless we take care of our green fields
- D) If we learned to respect the environment
- E) Provided that they are used well

(YDS 2000)

26- unless you are interested in psychology.

- A) He's thinking of going to a psychiatrist
- B) This is the book you've suggested
- C) You could solve your problems
- D) There is no point in reading that book
- E) This book will be very useful for you

(YDS 2000)

27- I'm sure he to let us know where he was if he able to do so.

- A) telephoned/would be
- B) will have telephoned/was
- C) would telephone/has been
- D) has telephoned/is
- E) would have telephoned/had been

(YDS 2001)

28- If we had run to catch the bus,

- A) the others have warned us about the heavy traffic
- B) we could get to the library before it closed
- C) I dropped my glasses on the pavement
- D) we may have attended the lecture
- E) it wouldn't have been necessary to take a taxi

(YDS 2002)

29- He alive now if only he to go back into the burning house for something.

- A) will be/wouldn't have decided
- B) is/hasn't decided
- C) could be/wouldn't decide
- D) would be/hadn't decided
- E) should be/hasn't decided

(YDS 2003)

30- Water softeners are particularly useful,

- A) if you live in a hard-water area
- B) that they remove chemicals and improve the taste
- C) why London water is so hard
- D) since the water contained a greater concentration of calcium
- E) though electrical appliances require soft water

(YDS 2003)

TEST YOURSELF 1

- 1- If I were you, I until you find a good job before deciding where to live.
 A) would wait
 B) have waited
 C) had waited
 D) was waiting
 E) waited

- 2- I wish we each other more often, but now that you live in Eskişehir and I live in Marmaris, it doesn't seem possible.
 A) have seen
 B) can see
 C) will see
 D) could see
 E) see

- 3- I wish we Blenheim Palace as well as the gardens, but the building was closed when we were there.
 A) would tour
 B) toured
 C) could have toured
 D) have toured
 E) were touring

- 4- I will divert our telephone to my mobile number in case one of my customers me this afternoon.
 A) will telephone
 B) had telephoned
 C) were telephoning
 D) telephoned
 E) telephones

- 5- If you give me the leaflet tonight, I it for you first thing tomorrow morning.
 A) will photocopy
 B) photocopied
 C) had photocopied
 D) may have photocopied
 E) have photocopied

- 6- If I you were ill in bed, I some cooked meals with me.
 A) know/have brought
 B) have known/was going to bring
 C) had known/would have brought
 D) knew/will have brought
 E) will know/must have brought

- 7- I wish our next-door neighbour me the apples from her trees in her garden instead of letting them rot as I cider to drink with them.
 A) gave/was making
 B) has given/will have made
 C) gives/will be making
 D) had given/would have made
 E) would give/have made

- 8- I wish chocolate so fattening, then I a box of chocolates every day.
 A) won't be/am eating
 B) hasn't been/could have eaten
 C) isn't/would be eating
 D) hadn't been/were eating
 E) weren't/would eat

- 9- I wish that I Hungarian or that the doctors English. I'm worried about my wife's injury, but I can't understand the doctors' explanations.
 A) can speak/can know
 B) could speak/knew
 C) would speak/would know
 D) have spoken/have known
 E) were speaking/will know

- 10- You less nervous if you less tea and coffee throughout the day.
 A) will be/will have drunk
 B) would be/drunk
 C) can be/could drink
 D) have been/have been drinking
 E) are/will be drinking

11- Peter wishes his van with a ladder rack. Then he the chimney repair job he was offered the other day.

- A) has fitted/will have accepted
- B) is being fitted/will be accepting
- C) had fitted/was going to accept
- D) will have been fitted/could accept
- E) were fitted/could have accepted

12- What a shame! They knocked down the old cinema. Had the community raised enough money, it

- A) could have been restored
- B) can be restoring
- C) would have restored
- D) will be restored
- E) had been restored

13- I didn't want to ride on the water slide, but my son talked me into it. Now I'm lying in hospital with a sore neck. How I wish I to try it.

- A) hadn't been persuading
- B) hadn't been persuaded
- C) wasn't persuaded
- D) wouldn't have persuaded
- E) wouldn't be persuaded

14- You to Tenterden early if you to park on the High Street.

- A) could go/will have wanted
- B) were to go/have wanted
- C) have to go/want
- D) had gone/had been wanting
- E) should go/had wanted

15- He a puncture kit with him whenever he went on a long trip on his motorcycle in case one of his tyres damaged.

- A) had been taking/has got
- B) has taken/is getting
- C) was taking/would get
- D) had taken/gets
- E) would take/got

16- If you a house to a tenant, you that the property is safe.

- A) rented/can ensure
- B) will rent/could have ensured
- C) are renting/have been ensured
- D) rent/must ensure
- E) were rented/are ensuring

17- If the drug dealers, heroin addicts drugs in this street now.

- A) hadn't been arrested/would be buying
- B) weren't arrested/will have bought
- C) won't have been arrested/were buying
- D) haven't arrested/are buying
- E) didn't arrest/had been buying

18- If you a good newspaper regularly, you all about the political situation in the world.

- A) had read/know
- B) were reading/had known
- C) read/would know
- D) had been reading/knew
- E) will read/have known

19- If you think your work unfairly, you can appeal to head of the department.

- A) were being marked
- B) would mark
- C) will have marked
- D) has been marking
- E) has been marked

20- Fifty years ago, people most drinks in returnable bottles, not in disposable ones as is the case today.

- A) have bought
- B) ought to buy
- C) were buying
- D) would buy
- E) have been buying

21- I wish I my bicycle outside, but it is likely to be stolen in this neighbourhood.

- A) could leave
- B) had left
- C) have to leave
- D) would have left
- E) am leaving

22- I love my home town, but I wish the roads from the outskirts to the centre so steep.

- A) weren't
- B) haven't been
- C) won't be
- D) aren't
- E) wouldn't be

23- You are so noisy. I wish you the television and the radio on at the same time.

- A) couldn't have put
- B) won't put
- C) won't be putting
- D) haven't been putting
- E) wouldn't put

24- If golf were as boring as you suggest, then people it for centuries.

- A) haven't been playing
- B) wouldn't have been playing
- C) won't have played
- D) shouldn't be playing
- E) hadn't played

25- I wish Australian teaching qualifications in the UK. Then she could teach in London.

- A) are being recognised
- B) are recognised
- C) have been recognised
- D) were recognised
- E) could have recognised

26- If we were to buy a pet dog, we on holiday without finding someone to look after it.

- A) aren't going to go
- B) hadn't been going
- C) haven't gone
- D) weren't to go
- E) couldn't go

27- If Alexander Graham Bell alive today, I'm sure he amazed at the developments in the means of telecommunications.

- A) were/would be
- B) has been/will be
- C) had been/has been
- D) would be/had been
- E) will be/was

28- The reputation of football in the UK if a new national stadium soon.

- A) must have suffered/didn't build
- B) will suffer/isn't built
- C) has been suffering/weren't built
- D) would suffer/hadn't built
- E) had suffered/couldn't be built

29- I wish I a hay fever tablet this morning. Then my eyes now.

- A) would take/wouldn't have itched
- B) took/wouldn't itch
- C) had taken/wouldn't be itching
- D) were taking/won't itch
- E) have taken/shouldn't have itched

30- If the previous owners up the chimney, we a real fire now.

- A) hadn't blocked/could light
- B) wouldn't block/were lighting
- C) aren't blocking/have lit
- D) weren't blocking/would have lit
- E) didn't block/may be lighting

31- I wish I watching this silly television series because now I have become interested in the outcome and feel that I have to watch it every week.

- A) am not starting
- B) wouldn't start
- C) hadn't started
- D) haven't started
- E) won't have started

32- Everybody would have drowned if the boat the quayside when it sank.

- A) must not have approached
- B) didn't approach
- C) hadn't been approaching
- D) hasn't approached
- E) wouldn't be approaching

33- My brother is sitting by the telephone wishing his girlfriend him.

- A) calls
- B) has called
- C) will call
- D) would call
- E) is calling

34- I know Isobel wishes she the horses with her friends, but she is too young.

- A) could ride
- B) would ride
- C) will be riding
- D) would have ridden
- E) has ridden

35- One day I to visit my cousin in Australia if I can get three weeks off work.

- A) have liked
- B) had liked
- C) would like
- D) liked
- E) were to like

36- You can take the dog for a walk you keep him on a lead.

- A) in case
- B) as though
- C) in order that
- D) even if
- E) as long as

37- the bank approves my business plan and loans me the money will I start my own business.

- A) Even if
- B) Whether
- C) In case
- D) Only if
- E) Unless

38- Don't water your garden in the direct sunshine;, you will damage your plants.

- A) in case
- B) only if
- C) as long as
- D) unless
- E) otherwise

39- Your foot might heal more quickly it were bandaged up properly.

- A) whether
- B) even if
- C) in case
- D) until
- E) if

40- I wouldn't be able to sing in tune I had lessons from the best musician in the world.

- A) only if
- B) even if
- C) in case
- D) in order that
- E) as long as

41- you are as serious as you say you are about losing some weight, why don't you join a sports club?

- A) Even if
- B) As though
- C) If
- D) In case
- E) Whether

42- They didn't buy the house it was next to the main road.

- A) if
- B) because
- C) unless
- D) in case
- E) only if

43- I won't be able to come with you to the event I can get a day off work.

- A) unless
- B) in case
- C) if
- D) because
- E) so that

44- She spoke to her pet dog it were a person.

- A) unless
- B) since
- C) even if
- D) as though
- E) only if

45- The restaurant has been much busier they hired a new chef.

- A) if
- B) unless
- C) until
- D) so long as
- E) since

TEST YOURSELF 2

1-55. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- 1- Later on today, I a cake for tea if we all of the necessary ingredients, of course.
- A) would bake/were having
B) will bake/have
C) could have baked/had
D) will have baked/have had
E) were to have baked/would have
- 2- That yoghurt mouldy if you it soon.
- A) was going/didn't eat
B) would have gone/weren't eating
C) will go/don't eat
D) goes/won't have eaten
E) would go/haven't eaten
- 3- If people any opium-related drug often enough, they physically dependent, or addicted, to the drug.
- A) take/become
B) took/became
C) would take/had become
D) were taking/may become
E) are taking/have become
- 4- Danny and I the responsibility for the food for the party provided you the hall with balloons.
- A) take/would be decorating
B) have taken/would decorate
C) can take/decorate
D) are taking/decorated
E) could take/should decorate
- 5- I don't believe that Susan really wants to lose weight; otherwise, she vigorously every day.
- A) will be exercising
B) was exercising
C) exercises
D) has exercised
E) would exercise
- 6- When I entered the teenager's bedroom, it looked as though a hurricane the place.
- A) has hit
B) hits
C) would hit
D) had hit
E) has been hitting
- 7- David the sponsored bike ride if he to raise money on behalf of that charity for world peace.
- A) doesn't enter/wouldn't have decided
B) wasn't entering/didn't decide
C) didn't enter/hasn't decided
D) couldn't enter/might not decide
E) wouldn't be entering/hadn't decided
- 8- You in your exam paper when the bell rings even if you answering all of the questions.
- A) have to hand/haven't finished
B) will hand/didn't finish
C) were handing/wouldn't have finished
D) must hand/may not finish
E) would have handed/hadn't finished
- 9- I go on a strict diet, I will have to get my wedding dress altered to fit a bigger size.
- A) As long as B) If
C) Unless D) In case
E) Without
- 10- You will catch your death with cold you continue to leave the house with your hair wet — it's not summer, you know.
- A) as though B) whether
C) if D) otherwise
E) in case

11- You can't have been doing your homework properly, you would have passed your exams with better grades.

- A) but
- B) in case
- C) even if
- D) or else
- E) so long as

12- Sheila was busy trying to please Jim all night at the party, as though he the only guest at her party.

- A) were
- B) would be
- C) has been
- D) had been
- E) could be

13- John in late again today, don't hesitate to give him a final warning. I cannot stand anyone not being punctual at all.

- A) Had/come
- B) Should/come
- C) Would/come
- D) Will/come
- E) Has/come

14- Most of the students a lot better on the test, but they definitely adequate time.

- A) will be doing/don't give
- B) should have done/aren't given
- C) did/wouldn't have been given
- D) were doing/haven't given
- E) could have done/weren't given

15- As he a party with us that evening, that means that he in the vicinity the night Tommy was attacked.

- A) had attended/won't be
- B) had been attending/hasn't been
- C) was attending/couldn't have been
- D) attends/wouldn't be
- E) would attend/hadn't been

16- If we out all the clutter in our filing cabinets in the first place, we so behind with the tax payments now.

- A) were sorting/wouldn't have been
- B) have sorted/can't have been
- C) sorted/won't be
- D) had sorted/wouldn't be
- E) are sorting/haven't been

17- My brother the competition provided safety measures

- A) enters/were to be taken
- B) has entered/had been taken
- C) would enter/were taken
- D) will enter/will have taken
- E) entered/would have been taken

18- If you to go by the area where I live while you're travelling to your destination, would you like to stop over for a break?

- A) have happened
- B) should happen
- C) would happen
- D) might happen
- E) had happened

19- Kate has just ignored me as if we complete strangers. Have I upset her?

- A) were
- B) are
- C) will be
- D) would be
- E) have been

20- "If there so many badly behaved boys in that awful class, perhaps it quite so unruly," argued the substitute teacher.

- A) hadn't been/shouldn't be
- B) can't be/might not be
- C) wouldn't be/wasn't
- D) aren't/hasn't been
- E) weren't/wouldn't be

21- I you to the party, but I was informed that you in Italy on holiday.

- A) will invite/have been
- B) had been inviting/are
- C) would have invited/were
- D) would invite/had been
- E) invited/would have been

22- You for your exams; now, you failed your degree and ruined your chances of getting a good job!

- A) have to revise
- B) should have revised
- C) will be revising
- D) had been revising
- E) must have revised

23- you go and see your doctor can you get some medicine for a kidney infection.

- A) Unless
- B) As though
- C) Provided
- D) Only if
- E) Suppose that

24- "..... you are over the age of eighteen or not, I'm still refusing to serve you alcohol in these premises," said the barman to the drunk adolescent.

- A) Or else
- B) In case
- C) Unless
- D) Whether
- E) Even if

25- Louise looked sadly at her father's gravestone and thought, "..... I had told him that I loved him before it was too late."

- A) In case
- B) What if
- C) As if
- D) Even if
- E) If only

26- I wish you your gum less vigorously. It's getting on my nerves.

- A) would chew
- B) are chewing
- C) have chewed
- D) chew
- E) can chew

27- Jenny back to work after the baby is born if she work part-time.

- A) would come/will be able to
- B) will come/is able to
- C) was coming/had been able to
- D) has come/has been able to
- E) comes/might be able to

28- If everyone to strike over this matter, I am afraid that the company bankrupt before the end of the month.

- A) has decided/has gone
- B) had decided/will be going
- C) would decide/goes
- D) decides/will go
- E) will decide/is going

29- You the stain from the carpet if you it with soap immediately.

- A) were removing/may have rubbed
- B) removed/would have rubbed
- C) might have removed/had rubbed
- D) have removed/will be rubbing
- E) would remove/have rubbed

30- You can play football for the team you attend all the practice sessions and keep fit.

- A) unless
- B) otherwise
- C) supposing
- D) whether
- E) as long as

31- Supposing you found out that you were adopted, you to search for your real birth parents?

- A) did/choose
- B) could/have chosen
- C) would/choose
- D) had/chosen
- E) will/choose

32- We reading standards in this country if we free books to children under the age of five.

- A) raised/were donating
- B) may raise/would donate
- C) could raise/were to donate
- D) will raise/could have donated
- E) have raised/would be donating

33- I wish you part in the charity work too. It gave such great satisfaction to us all.

- A) could have taken
- B) are taking
- C) have been taking
- D) were taking
- E) would take

- 34- Jim scratched his head as if he over the answer. In fact, he had solved the problem within seconds.
- A) confused
B) would confuse
C) were confused
D) has been confused
E) will be confused
- 35- My son always a temper tantrum if he any sweets with artificial colouring in them.
- A) could have/had given
B) will have/were given
C) would have/gives
D) had had/has been given
E) has/is given
- 36- Had Tony been a little more organised, we the arrangement.
- A) won't be cancelling
B) didn't have to cancel
C) haven't cancelled
D) might not have had to cancel
E) won't have had to cancel
- 37- Unless you the front gate to enter the garden, you the spring flower display.
- A) have used/couldn't have seen
B) should use/won't have seen
C) are using/haven't been able to see
D) use/won't be able to see
E) had used/didn't see
- 38- my son is enjoying the music lessons, then I'll continue paying for them.
- A) In case
B) Supposing
C) Unless
D) Whether
E) As long as
- 39- you have taken the necessary safety precautions, you are sure to come to no harm on the journey.
- A) Whether
B) Unless
C) Provided
D) As if
E) In case
- 40- Book the conference room for an extra thirty minutes the meeting runs over the specified time.
- A) in case
B) unless
C) otherwise
D) provided
E) as if
- 41- Supposing that it had been you who won the holiday for four people to Jamaica, who you with you?
- A) would/have taken
B) had/taken
C) did/take
D) should/be taking
E) were/taking
- 42- The driver must have been driving really carelessly, or the police him just for driving over the limit.
- A) won't have arrested
B) wouldn't have arrested
C) might not arrest
D) haven't arrested
E) don't arrest
- 43- If you don't pull down the clasp with your forefinger and hold it in place, you the necklace properly.
- A) couldn't fasten
B) might not have fastened
C) won't be able to fasten
D) can't have fastened
E) wouldn't be fastening
- 44- I don't understand why you are attending a gym. You quite a bit of weight if you to work each day.
- A) could be losing/would jog
B) would lose/jogged
C) ought to have lost/had jogged
D) have lost/will be jogging
E) might have lost/jog
- 45- If I to my daughter in both English and Turkish from birth, she bilingual.
- A) won't speak/hasn't been
B) hadn't spoken/wouldn't be
C) don't speak/wasn't going to be
D) won't speak/isn't going to be
E) haven't spoken/couldn't be

46- My husband the dog for a walk in the woods this afternoon if the weather for the better.

- A) may take/were changing
- B) would be taking/has changed
- C) will take/changes
- D) will have taken/had changed
- E) might have taken/will change

47- If I for at least an hour a night, I it in the end.

- A) don't study/will regret
- B) couldn't study/was to regret
- C) didn't study/have regretted
- D) wasn't studying/had regretted
- E) wouldn't study/regretted

48- You are coughing badly. You smoking at least for a few days unless, of course, you your lungs to become worse.

- A) would stop/have wanted
- B) stop/wanted
- C) must stop/want
- D) ought to stop/will want
- E) were to stop/would want

49- I was so relieved that I had managed to catch the train because if I had missed it, I all the way to town to get to the interview on time.

- A) ought to be running
- B) must have run
- C) will have been running
- D) had to run
- E) would have had to run

50- I wish he up. The children are getting tired of waiting for him in the car.

- A) hurry
- B) could have hurried
- C) has hurried
- D) can hurry
- E) would hurry

51- I really wish the drama teacher Paula to be the main role in the play. She has been getting so boastful about her acting talent.

- A) hasn't chosen
- B) hadn't chosen
- C) didn't choose
- D) doesn't choose
- E) wouldn't choose

52- You really me that you had invited your mother for Sunday lunch. The house was such a mess when she arrived!

- A) were telling
- B) would tell
- C) should have told
- D) told
- E) had to tell

53- My sister, who is attending university, wishes she something more interesting than mathematics.

- A) had studied
- B) would be studying
- C) is studying
- D) was studying
- E) has been studying

54- Peter wished he to the party, but he was urgently called back to work to solve a computer problem there.

- A) could have come
- B) would come
- C) has come
- D) will be coming
- E) came

55- I wish we more time to type these reports. I've had no social life for weeks as all my spare time is taken up by writing.

- A) could give
- B) would be giving
- C) have been given
- D) had been given
- E) were giving

56-65. sorularda, yarım bırakılan cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

56- Will you keep my spare key for me?

- A) in case I lock myself out and need to get back in
- B) if I couldn't have opened the door with the one I already had
- C) only when you heard the door slam loudly
- D) as I'll be home all day tomorrow waiting for the plumber
- E) as long as I stayed away from town during my holidays

57- The robber threatens that unless the authorities agree to his demands,

- A) he won't let any of the hostages go
- B) the hostages have only just been tied up
- C) it would have pushed him to drastic action
- D) he had thought about committing suicide
- E) either they or the hostages would say yes

58- Were you to act confident, smile more often and look directly into the ladies' eyes as you do so,

- A) you don't know how to look shy when it is needed
- B) you might be able to attract a girlfriend
- C) it was harder to relax in front of so many people
- D) you have always flirted with girls
- E) they would have certainly laughed and turned away

59- Although my daughter's hair is styled fashionably,

- A) it was my idea to send her to a new hairdresser
- B) hers is quite different from mine, which is long and curly
- C) she still regrets having it cut so short
- D) only if it is blown-dried with hot air
- E) she hoped that it had been given a modern haircut

60- You'd better not help yourself to another portion of the cake,

- A) in case you got hungry before dinner time
- B) but you have been given a double helping of chocolate ice-cream
- C) if you thought no one was looking
- D) even if you hadn't eaten much at breakfast
- E) or you'll find that you haven't lost weight this week

61- If my sister hadn't agreed to have infertility treatment,

- A) she may need special treatment in order to get pregnant
- B) I expect her life wouldn't be so fulfilling as it is now with children
- C) there will be lots of occasions in order to repeat the treatment
- D) her original employment was terminated
- E) she carried on doing the same boring job

62- Without your talent for public speaking,

- A) a wide-scale advertising campaign plays an important role
- B) people couldn't have been persuaded to give so much money towards our cause
- C) we wouldn't now be about to give up on the idea
- D) first of all, people's awareness about cruelty to animals should be raised
- E) the media also helped relay our messages about world peace

63-, I haven't managed to see so much of him.

- A) If John had more time to go out
- B) Had Thomas not decided to accept this promotion
- C) Unless Peter decides to go on holiday
- D) Provided that his manager has granted Ted a leave of absence
- E) Since David has been working overtime

64- I will be too embarrassed to look

- A) as soon as she is told to resign
- B) even if she decides to leave the theatre
- C) if she realised her lack of talent
- D) while she is performing on the stage
- E) when she was told that her performance was unoriginal

65-, I'll be extremely happy!

- A) In case he has bought me an engagement ring
- B) Since he has asked for my hand in marriage
- C) Unless his birthday present is not what I was hoping for
- D) If he proposes to me tonight on my birthday
- E) Until he has decided that I am the woman of his dreams

66-90. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

66- I'd like to learn a foreign language, but I really haven't got the time to attend evening classes.

- A) If I had more time to attend evening classes, I would learn a foreign language.
- B) I couldn't learn a foreign language as I never seemed to have any spare time in the evenings.
- C) I can only learn a foreign language if I give up some of my time attending evening classes.
- D) Because I have some spare time in the evening, I've decided to learn a foreign language.
- E) I used to learn a foreign language in the evenings when I had the time.

67- An excessive absorption of alcohol can lead to alcoholic poisoning of the bloodstream, resulting in the person needing to be hospitalised.

- A) People become alcoholics as a result of alcoholic poisoning and often end up in hospital to have a blood transfusion.

- B) Be sure to go to hospital to have your blood monitored in case you have contracted alcoholic poisoning after drinking several glasses of an alcoholic beverage.
- C) If a person has consumed excessive quantities of alcohol, this may poison his blood, which will result in hospitalisation.
- D) Hospitalisation is necessary for an alcoholic person who wants to get rid of the poison in his bloodstream.
- E) If a person who has drunk too much alcohol has to be taken to hospital, it may be an indication of alcoholic poisoning.

68- I wouldn't have lost my temper if the shopkeeper hadn't falsely accused me of shoplifting a number of items.

- A) If the shopkeeper accuses me again of something that I did not do, it is very doubtful that I'll be able to remain calm and collected.
- B) Even if the shopkeeper hadn't falsely accused me, I would have lost control of my senses.
- C) I only got so mad because I was wrongly accused by the shopkeeper of stealing some things.
- D) The shopkeeper wouldn't have accused me of shoplifting if I had kept control of my temper.
- E) I was able to keep my anger under control even though I was falsely accused of shoplifting.

69- A ridiculed child often grows up to be shy.

- A) I find it ridiculous that some adults are amused by making fun of a child who is shy.
- B) Shyness is usually the result of a person being exposed to ridicule as a child.
- C) If you tease your child, then he will gain confidence as he matures with age.
- D) When an adult is shy, he is unlikely to raise his children properly.
- E) Unless you teach your children to laugh at their shortcomings, they will become shy as they grow older.

70- The school teacher wouldn't be so patient now with her pupils, had she not herself been treated with tolerance as a child.

- A) The teacher was unable to treat her pupils with patience despite herself being brought up with tolerance.
- B) Had the school teacher been more patient, her pupils might have been more tolerant.
- C) If the teacher had remembered how she was treated as a child, she might have been more patient and tolerant with her pupils.
- D) The teacher's patient personality results from her having been shown tolerance during her upbringing.
- E) The school teacher's calm attitude owes nothing to her parents' tolerant behaviour.

71- He would have been a perfect partner to settle down with if it weren't for his jealousy towards my friends.

- A) I considered him to be the ideal person I could share my life with, but his jealous behaviour aimed at my friends spoilt this.
- B) I could not bear to share my life with someone who is so jealous of my friends.
- C) I thought that I had found my perfect match, but I was jealous of his behaviour towards my colleagues.
- D) The man whom I'm going to marry must be someone who is jealous of the people close to me.
- E) He was far from being a good partner to share my life with for several other reasons besides his jealousy towards my friends.

72- On Bonfire Night, pets are only truly safe and happy when they are kept indoors away from windows, where they can't be tormented by the sight and sound of fireworks.

- A) Pets are clearly not at risk from the dangerous firework displays and are much happier and, indeed, safer if you take them with you to enjoy Bonfire Night.
- B) Pets are less tormented on Bonfire Night when they are kept closed by windows and doors where they can view their owners enjoying the sight and sound of the fireworks.
- C) Keeping your pets at home at a safe distance from windows ensures that they will be both content and secure from the torment of the firework displays on Bonfire Night.
- D) Unless your pets enjoy the sight and sound of fireworks, keep them indoors away from the windows on Bonfire Night.
- E) During Bonfire Night, pets are safe and happy to view the dangerous displays from the comfort of their homes through the windows.

73- It was the youngsters' endless knocking at the door and shouting "trick or treat" through the letterbox that made the old lady stop answering the door on Halloween night.

- A) The old lady could no longer endure the knocking and calling through the letterbox by children playing "trick or treat" on Halloween night, so she decided not to open the door any more.
- B) The old lady wouldn't have stopped answering the door if she had understood that the young children were shouting "trick or treat" that Halloween evening.
- C) It is a real treat to see youngsters and elderly people laughing and joking with one another on Halloween night.
- D) It was Halloween, and the strange knocking and shouting heard through the letterbox by an old lady turned out to be a youngster playing "trick or treat".
- E) There were so many calls at the door on Halloween that the elderly woman was forever opening it to the youngsters playing "trick or treat".

74- From the amount of letters and phone calls that remained unanswered, it is clear that my old friend no longer wishes to keep in touch with me.

- A) If my friend truly wanted to correspond with me, she would have answered my phone calls and letters by now.
- B) My friend likes to receive letters and phone calls, but she is hopeless about returning them.
- C) It is certain that my friend receives so many letters and phone calls that she is unable to answer them all.
- D) Keeping in touch with one another means answering phone calls and letters straightaway.
- E) I no longer wish to be friends with someone who does not answer my phone calls or letters.

75- It is not certain that children will grow up hating the taste of meat just because they have been brought up to be a vegetarian.

- A) Children are sure to dislike the taste of meat if they have never been allowed to taste it as a child.
- B) Children may actually like the taste of meat later even if they are raised in a vegetarian household.
- C) Vegetarianism in childhood ensures the children will never become meat eaters when they grow up.
- D) Children should not be forced to become a vegetarian unless they hate the taste of meat.
- E) Vegetarians are more likely to hate the taste of meat if they are brought up not eating it at home.

76- For fear that I might give the injured driver a heart attack, I didn't tell him about the other casualties involved in the accident.

- A) Though I was anxious about the driver's heart, I had to disclose to him the details about the other people in the accident.
- B) His heart nearly missed a beat when I told the injured driver about the accident and those who were injured.

- C) I didn't tell the injured driver about the other people affected in the accident as I was worried about causing him to have a heart attack.
- D) The driver was worried that his heart condition would cause him to have a car accident which might injure people, so I assured him otherwise.
- E) The injured driver had worrying palpitations of the heart when I told him about those injured in the accident.

77- You'd better stop talking to her if she keeps spreading malicious gossip about your private life.

- A) Unless she stops spreading spiteful rumours about you, I think it is best for you not to talk with her any more.
- B) She is always talking about people behind their backs, so I can't understand why you should wish to be friends with her.
- C) I don't think you should have talked to her about the malicious gossip that had spread about her life.
- D) Your life will no longer be private if you continue talking to her about your misguided activities.
- E) I am relieved that you no longer gossip with her as she is such a malicious person.

78- The approaching evening made it impossible to continue writing without lighting the gas lamp.

- A) Lighting the gas lamp did not help much as the evening grew darker, so I stopped writing.
- B) I could have lit the gas lamp, but I didn't want to continue writing when it got dark.
- C) I gave up writing once it was evening as it was impossible to see clearly in the dim light of a gas lamp.
- D) As the evening approached, I became unable to continue writing until I lit the gas lamp.
- E) If there hadn't been a gas lamp, it would have been impossible for me to write in the evenings.

79- I didn't mean to be on the phone to Chris very long, but, as I hadn't spoken to her for some time, we had a lot to catch up on.

- A) I had expected to be on the phone to Chris longer than I was as we hadn't spoken to each other for a very long time.
- B) Chris and I hadn't spoken to each other on the phone for a while, but even so, we managed to keep the call brief.
- C) Because I hadn't talked to Chris for some time and thus had a lot to discuss, I was on the phone for a long time, though I hadn't intended so.
- D) I'm sorry I was on the phone to Chris for ages, but, as you know, we always have a lot to talk about.
- E) Chris hadn't telephoned me for a long time, so we had a lot to discuss and were on the phone for hours.

80- He could have altered his plans if you had told him that you were unable to attend the planned meeting.

- A) As you had an excuse not to attend the meeting, plans were altered and reorganised.
- B) Schedules can be reorganised even for the planned meetings as long as you let him know your excuse well in advance.
- C) If you had warned him that you couldn't make the planned meeting, he would have arranged another schedule.
- D) Telling him that you wouldn't be able to attend the meeting was not enough cause for him to alter any plans.
- E) Even if you had told him that you could not go to the meeting, he wouldn't have been able to change his schedule.

81- Everything is arranged alphabetically in my filing system, even the daily paperwork, in case I need to locate an important document quickly.

- A) My daily materials are important documents, so I have filed them away excellently in numerical order.
- B) Important paperwork can be filed quickly if they are put away in alphabetical order.

C) When it is necessary to determine the site of an important document urgently, keeping your daily paperwork in alphabetical order proves very useful.

D) As I often need to find an important document immediately, I keep all my paperwork filed in alphabetical order.

E) So that I can find information swiftly when it is needed, I file everything, including the daily paperwork, away in alphabetical order.

82- Only if the respect he deserves as a professional is afforded to him will he return to work in a classroom.

- A) He feels that he has to go back to school in order to gain professional respect.
- B) He likes to be respected in his profession, and if it is not given to him, he will go back to class to learn how to achieve it.
- C) He holds the belief that you should respect others professionally, and they will show respect towards you.
- D) He needs a professional job in a classroom, where he expects to be treated with respect.
- E) He will go back to work in a classroom provided he is regarded respectfully in accordance with his profession.

83- If we were to set up a nursery in our sports centre, maybe more families would attend exercise classes.

- A) Despite there being a nursery in our sports centre, few families with young children attend our exercise classes.
- B) There is a nursery in our sports centre to encourage more families with young children to attend exercise classes.
- C) More families might come to our sports centre for exercise classes if they knew that a nursery would be provided for young children.
- D) Families like sending their children to the sports centre for exercise classes rather than sending them to a nursery.
- E) More families would attend exercise classes if the parents knew how to look after their children properly.

84- "I'm afraid it doesn't look as if your uncle will live much longer than just a few weeks," said the doctor to the niece.

- A) The doctor informed the patient's uncle that they weren't expecting him to live more than a couple of weeks.
- B) Her uncle was frightened when the doctor told him that he had only a few weeks to live.
- C) The doctor said to the patient's niece that he was amazed that her uncle had lived for so long.
- D) The doctor broke the news to the niece that her uncle seemed to have only a few weeks to live.
- E) The doctor thought that her uncle had nothing to worry about as he had the rest of his life in front of him.

85- We can only increase the standards of results in our school by being persistent in urging students to be diligent and hardworking.

- A) Unless we persistently encourage students to be diligent and hardworking, we won't raise standards of achievement in our school.
- B) Students in our school should be taught to be persistent in order to achieve successful exam results.
- C) We have successfully raised the standards of achievement in our school by encouraging students to be diligent and hardworking.
- D) Our school will achieve a higher degree of excellence because students that are accepted there are diligent and hardworking.
- E) If we had been persistent in encouraging students to work more diligently, we could have raised the standards of results in our school.

86- During their argument, she threw all his belongings out of the window.

- A) While they were arguing, she hurled his possessions through the window.

- B) They argued because she had thrown some of his things out of the window.
- C) If he hadn't made her so mad, she wouldn't have thrown his clothes through the window.
- D) He wouldn't have been upset with her if she hadn't chucked his belongings out of the window.
- E) The cause of the argument was her throwing his belongings out of the window.

87- I have no desire to keep a pet at home, but I cannot understand how anyone could be cruel to animals.

- A) I cannot describe myself as an animal lover, but that doesn't mean that I approve of animal cruelty.
- B) Animal cruelty is something that I cannot accept even though I'm not keen at all to have a pet myself.
- C) People who do not harbour any wish to keep a pet are often cruel to animals.
- D) Although I have never been cruel to animals, I would hate to have a pet at home.
- E) I hadn't had any wish to keep a pet until I witnessed some people treating animals cruelly.

88- Her husband has little chance of ever seeing Mary, who abandoned him last month, again.

- A) It won't be long until Mary and her husband meet again, although it's a month since she left him.
- B) There is a good possibility that Mary and her husband will meet again in about a month or so.
- C) Mary, who has been away from her husband for a month, will not be able to avoid him for long.
- D) Mary abandoned her husband again, and she says this time she is determined not to return to him.
- E) Mary left her husband a month ago, and it does not seem very likely that she will ever return to him.

89- Every year thousands of drivers and passengers, who would survive if only the first people on the scene knew how to react in emergencies, die in the few minutes after an auto collision.

- A) If people are to survive auto crashes, it is important that someone arrives in the scene within the first few minutes.
- B) It is important to learn the correct things to do in case you are ever in a car crash to keep yourself from being one of the thousands of victims who die every year.
- C) It is the first people to arrive at the scene of a car crash, rather than the crash itself, which kill thousands of drivers and passengers every year.
- D) Thousands of lives could be saved every year were the first people to arrive at the scene of an auto crash to know what they should do.
- E) In order to save the thousands of people who die every year in the first few moments after traffic accidents, the first people to deal with them on the scene should be medical staff.

90- Smeary windows will be considered a thing of the past provided you wash the glass with this special mixture.

- A) In the past, people used to wash their windows with a specially prepared mixture, but the glass became smeary before long.
- B) If you use this mixture to clean your windows, they will become smeary.
- C) The belief that smeary glass is unavoidable whatever you use to clean your windows with is just an old wife's tale.
- D) As long as you use this specially mixed solution to clean your windows, you'll never have smeary glass again.
- E) This special mixture to clean the windows, which was used in the past, is becoming popular again.

91-100. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın olan Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

91- Even if Mars has a magnetic field, it must be so weak that no instrument has so far been able to detect it.

- A) Mars'ın manyetik alanı olabilir, ama bu oldukça güçsüzdür, çünkü hiçbir cihaz bugüne kadar onu tespit edememiştir.
- B) Bugüne kadar hiçbir cihaz tarafından saptanamadığına göre, Mars'ın manyetik alanı olsa bile, oldukça güçsüz olmalı.
- C) Eğer Mars'ın manyetik alanı olsaydı, çok güçsüz bile olsa bugüne kadar herhangi bir cihaz tarafından saptanırdı.
- D) Bugüne kadar hiçbir cihaz tespit edemediğine göre Mars'ın güçsüz de olsa bir manyetik alanı yoktur.
- E) Mars'ın manyetik alanı varsa bile, bu çok güçsüz olmalı ki hiçbir cihaz bugüne kadar onu tespit edemedi.

92- In case of an insect sting, if you know that the victim is allergic, do not wait for symptoms to develop but seek immediate medical aid.

- A) Böcek sokması durumunda, eğer mağdurun alerjisi olduğunu biliyorsanız, belirtilerin gelişmesini beklemeyip hemen tıbbi yardım araştırın.
- B) Alerjisi olduğunu bildiğiniz birini böcek sokarsa, hemen tıbbi yardım araştırmalı, belirtilerin gelişmesini beklememelisiniz.
- C) Eğer mağdurun alerjisi olduğu biliniyorsa, böcek sokması durumunda, belirtilerin gelişmesi beklenmemeli, hemen tıbbi yardım araştırılmalıdır.
- D) Böcek sokması halinde, eğer mağdurun bilinen bir alerjisi varsa, belirtilerin gelişmesi beklenmeden hemen tıbbi yardım bulunmalıdır.
- E) Böcek sokması durumunda, eğer mağdur alerjisi olduğunu biliyorsa, belirtilerin gelişmesini beklemeyip hemen tıbbi yardım istemelidir.

93- Rockets would be far heavier if their hydrogen-oxygen fuel supplies were gases rather than liquids.

- A) Hidrojen-oksijen yakıt kaynakları sıvı değil de gaz olsaydı, roketler çok daha ağır olurdu.
- B) Roketlerde, sıvı hidrojen-oksijen yakıt kaynağı yerine gaz kullanılsaydı, ağırlık çok daha fazla olurdu.
- C) Hidrojen-oksijen yakıt kaynakları sıvı değil de gaz biçiminde kullanılırsa, roketlerin ağırlığı çok artar.
- D) Roketlerin yakıt kaynağı olan hidrojen-oksijen, sıvı değil de gaz biçiminde olunca ağırlık daha da artıyor.
- E) Roketlerdeki hidrojen-oksijen yakıt kaynaklarının sıvı değil de gaz olması ağırlığı çok arttırırdı.

94- She might not have been able to produce so many paintings if she hadn't led such an isolated life in a small seaside town.

- A) Küçük bir sahil kasabasında son derece izole bir yaşam sürdürdüğü için bu denli çok resim üretmiş olabilir.
- B) Küçük bir sahil kasabasında bu kadar izole bir yaşam sürmemiş olsaydı, bu kadar çok resim üretemeyebilirdi.
- C) Küçük bir sahil kasabasında bu kadar izole bir yaşamı olmasaydı, bu kadar çok resim yapması mümkün olmazdı.
- D) Küçük bir sahil kasabasında sürdürdüğü izole yaşam sayesinde bu denli çok resim üretebildi.
- E) Bol bol resim yapabilmek için küçük bir sahil kasabasında son derece izole bir yaşam sürdü.

95- Our specially trained financial advisers will assess your needs and help you to find the investment plan that's right for you.

- A) Özel olarak eğitilmiş mali danışmanlarımız ihtiyaçlarınızı değerlendirip sizin için doğru olan yatırım planını bulmada size yardımcı olacaklardır.
- B) Mali danışmanlarımız özel olarak eğitilmiş olup, ihtiyaçlarınızı değerlendirerek sizin en uygun olan yatırım planını seçmenizi sağlayacaklardır.
- C) Özel olarak eğitilmiş mali danışmanlarımızın yardımıyla, ihtiyaçlarınız değerlendirilecek ve sizin için en doğru yatırım planı tespit edilecektir.
- D) İhtiyaç duyduğunuz takdirde, özel eğitim almış mali danışmanlarımız sizin için doğru olan yatırım planının belirlenmesinde size yardım edeceklerdir.
- E) Mali danışmanlarımız ihtiyaçlarınızı değerlendirme konusunda özel eğitilmiş olup, sizin için doğru olan yatırım planını bulacaklardır.

96- If you are not deaf but simply hard of hearing, you can improve your hearing problem by using a tiny device which is popped in your ear.

- A) Sağır değilseniz, sadece işitme güçlüğü çekiyorsanız, işitme probleminizi düzeltmek için kulağınıza takılan küçük bir cihaz kullanabilirsiniz.
- B) Sağır olanlar değil, yalnızca işitme güçlüğü çekenler kulağa takılan küçük bir cihaz kullanarak işitme probleminden kurtulabilir.
- C) Sağır değilseniz, ama işitme güçlüğü çekiyorsanız, yalnızca küçük bir cihazı kulağınıza takarak işitme probleminizden kurtulabilirsiniz.
- D) Sağır değilseniz, sadece işitme güçlüğü çekiyorsanız, kulağınıza takılan küçük bir cihaz kullanarak işitme probleminizi düzeltebilirsiniz.
- E) Kulağınıza takılacak küçük bir cihazla işitme sorunuza çözüm bulabilmeniz için sağır olmayıp sadece işitme güçlüğü çekiyor olmanız gerekir.

97- As if she didn't have enough problems of her own, now she has to deal with the problems of her family.

- A) Sanki kendi sorunları yetmiyormuş gibi, şimdi bir de ailesinin sorunlarını çözmeye çalışacak.
- B) Ailesinin sorunlarıyla ilgilenmek zorunda kaldığı için kendi sorunlarıyla yeterince ilgilenemiyor.
- C) Sanki kendisinin yeterince sorunu yokmuş gibi, şimdi de ailesinin sorunlarıyla uğraşmak zorunda kalıyor.
- D) Ailesinin sorunlarıyla uğraşmak zorunda kalınca sanki kendisinin hiç sorunu yokmuş gibi görünmeye çalışıyor.
- E) Ailesinin sorunlarıyla uğraşırken sanki kendisinin hiç sorunu yokmuş gibi görünmek zorunda.

98- If I had had to make that decision, I might not have been so reasonable as you.

- A) Eğer ben o kararı vermeye zorlansaydım, senin kadar mantıklı davranamazdım.
- B) Senin yerinde olsaydım, benim kararım seninki kadar mantıklı olamayabilirdi.
- C) Eğer o kararı vermek zorunda olan ben olsaydım, senin kadar mantıklı davranamazdım.
- D) İyi ki o kararı ben vermek zorunda kalmadım, yoksa senin kadar mantıklı olamazdım.
- E) Eğer ben o kararı vermek zorunda kalsaydım, senin kadar mantıklı olamayabilirdim.

99- Even if this strict attitude of hers may mean her being dismissed from work, I don't think that she will back down at all.

- A) Bu sert davranışının işten atılması anlamına gelebileceğini düşündüğünü hiç sanmıyorum.
- B) Bu sert tavrı işten atılması anlamına gelse bile, geri adım atacağını hiç zannetmiyorum.
- C) Umarım bu sert tavrının işten atılması anlamına bile gelebileceğini düşünmüştür.
- D) Geri adım atmayıp işten atılmasına neden olabilecek bu sert tavrını sürdüreceğini düşünüyorum.

E) İşten atılması anlamına gelse bile, bu sert davranışından sonra umarım geri adım atmaz.

100- If you suffer from a dust allergy, you need a vacuum cleaner that prevents the dust and all the other harmful particles from being blasted back into the air.

- A) Eğer toza alerjiniz varsa, size gerekli olan, tozu ve diğer tüm zararlı partikülleri havaya geri püskürtmeyecek bir elektrik süpürgesidir.
- B) Toz alerjiniz varsa, tozun ve diğer tüm zararlı partiküllerin havaya geri püskürmesini engelleyen bir elektrik süpürgesine ihtiyacınız var.
- C) Toz alerjiniz varsa, elektrik süpürgesinin toz ve diğer zararlı partiküllerin havaya geri püskürmesini engelleyen türüne ihtiyacınız vardır.
- D) Toz alerjiniz varsa, elektrik süpürgesi alırken, tozu ve diğer zararlı partikülleri havaya geri püskürtmeyen bir tür olmasına dikkat ediniz.
- E) Eğer toz alerjiniz varsa, tozun ve diğer zararlı partiküllerin havaya geri püskürmesini engelleyen bir elektrik süpürgesi almanız şarttır.

101-110. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın olan İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

101- İyi bir eğitimle desteklenmedikçe, yüksek bir IQ düzeyine sahip olmak pek birşey ifade etmez.

- A) One may possess a high IQ, but it is worthless if the person isn't given a proper education.
- B) Having a high IQ doesn't mean anything without being combined with a good education.
- C) Unless it is supported with a proper education, possessing a high IQ level does not mean much.
- D) Possessing a high IQ level is useful, especially when one is properly educated.
- E) Possessing a high IQ level is not much use if it isn't put to use during education.

102- Eğer geçememe konusunda korku ve endişe aşırı ise, bir sınavdaki performans daha da kötüleşebilir.

- A) Performance in an exam may worsen if the fear and anxiety over not passing is extreme.
- B) Feeling under extreme pressure to pass an exam may impede performance.
- C) Feelings of fear and anxiety over failing an exam shouldn't worsen performance.
- D) Candidates perform worse in exams if they are extremely afraid or anxious about not passing it.
- E) Those who are extremely afraid or anxious about not passing an exam may perform worse than expected.

103- İyi eğitim almamış kişilerin günümüz iş dünyasında çok fazla şansı yok gibi görünüyor.

- A) People who haven't received a good education are unlikely to be successful in the business world nowadays.
- B) It seems that people who have not received a good education do not stand much chance in today's business world.
- C) It is difficult for people to perform well in today's business world if they have been poorly educated.
- D) It appears that only those who have received a good education stand any chance in today's business world.
- E) To stand any chance of success in today's business world, one must complete a good standard of education.

104- Büyük şehrin keşmekeşinden uzak, ıssız bir yerde doğa ile iç içe yaşayabilmeyi çok isterdim.

- A) I really wish I had chosen to live in remote, natural surroundings instead of in the rat race of the big city.
- B) I want to live in natural surroundings in an isolated location far away from the hustle and bustle of the big city.
- C) If only I could live surrounded by nature in a remote spot, I would be away from this rat race in the big city.
- D) I really wish I could live in nature in an isolated location away from the rat race in the big city.
- E) I miss the time when I used to live amongst nature in an isolated location away from the rat race in the big city.

105- Siz direksiyon başında çok dikkatli olsanız bile diğer sürücülerin yaptığı hatalar sizin güvenliğinizi riske atabilir.

- A) It is not always a mistake at the wheel by yourself which risks your safety but the errors of other drivers on the road.
- B) You may be a very careful driver, but the faults other drivers make at the wheel may endanger your safety.
- C) Even if you are very careful at the wheel, the faults that other drivers have made may risk your safety.
- D) However careful you are at the wheel, mistakes by other drivers can always put your safety at risk.
- E) Both errors by yourself and those of other drivers can put your safety at risk, so you must be very careful at the wheel.

106- Eğer kişi iyi bir şey yaptığı için ödüllendirilmeyi bekliyorsa bu, başarmak için teşvik edici bir işlev görebilir.

- A) Individuals are more likely to be successful if they have an expectation of being rewarded for doing something well.
- B) People should be rewarded for performing well because this acts as an incentive to succeed.
- C) Individual incentives can improve expectations of good performances of individuals.
- D) An individual's expectations of being well rewarded can be a powerful incentive to succeed.
- E) If an individual expects to be rewarded for doing something well, this may act as an incentive to succeed.

107- Modern bir ailenin beslenme alışkanlıklarını düzeltmeye çalışmak, çok karmaşık ve yorucu bir iş olabilir.

- A) Attempting to encourage a modern family to adopt improved eating habits is sometimes very complicated and exhausting.
- B) Improving the diets of a contemporary family is not a straightforward or easy task.
- C) In contemporary life, ensuring your family eats healthily is both complicated and exhausting.
- D) Making sure your modern family eats a healthy diet is a difficult and time-consuming task.
- E) Trying to improve the eating habits of a modern family can be a complicated and exhausting task.

108- Eğer soygunculara karşı direnmeseydi, banka müdürü şimdi hayatta olabilirdi.

- A) The bank manager might not have been killed if he had only not resisted the robbers.
- B) The bank manager resisted the robbers despite knowing that he might lose his own life.

- C) The bank manager might be alive now if he hadn't resisted the robbers.
- D) The bank manager might not have resisted the robbers had he known that it would cost him his life.
- E) The bank manager owes his being alive today to the fact that he didn't resist the robbers.

109- Yurt dışından işçi kabullü konusundaki kısıtlamalardan dolayı Norveç'te yaşayan çok az yabancı vardır.

- A) Norway has strict restrictions on allowing entry to foreign workers, which has resulted in a very small population of foreigners.
- B) There are few foreigners living in Norway because of restrictions on admitting workers from abroad.
- C) Numbers of foreign workers are low due to Norway's reluctance to admit workers from abroad.
- D) There are quite a few foreigners working in Norway due to the country's policy of admitting workers from abroad.
- E) Norway restricts the number of foreigners it allows into the country to live and work to a very small number.

110- Yetkililer daha sert önlemler alsaydı, şiddet suçları artıyor olmazdı.

- A) Crimes of violence aren't increasing because the authorities have introduced strict measures.
- B) The authorities should be taking stricter measures against violent crimes, which are on the increase.
- C) Crimes of violence wouldn't be on the increase if the authorities were taking stricter measures.
- D) Stricter measures to combat crimes of violence need to be taken by the authorities to stop them increasing.
- E) Crimes of violence would be decreasing if the authorities imposed stricter measures.

TEST YOUR VOCABULARY

- 1- Mrs Childlow owns quite a lot of in Dover. She owns the big hotel, six shops and a whole row of houses.

A) industry	B) accommodation
C) housing	D) property
E) residence	

- 2- The main of the cake are flour, milk, eggs and cherries.

A) ingredients	B) components
C) portions	D) fragments
E) divisions	

- 3- All of us are under a lot of to improve our standards, but we aren't all as bad-tempered as Jenny.

A) weight	B) mass
C) force	D) pressure
E) heaps	

- 4- Pollution in the cities in Japan is a/an problem, but in the countryside, the air is more or less clean.

A) silent	B) tight
C) vast	D) extensive
E) major	

- 5- He not going to the doctor sooner. He didn't go because he was busy at work, but now, he will have to spend at least a week in hospital.

A) accuses	B) dismisses
C) apologises	D) neglects
E) regrets	

- 6- Everyone could rely on Kathy's statistics because she was such a/an research assistant.

A) mischievous	B) conceited
C) honest	D) diligent
E) ambitious	

- 7- The girl Alex was with at Simon's party was not attractive, but she has beautiful hair and eyes.

A) particularly	B) specially
C) constantly	D) extensively
E) personally	

- 8- His company somehow gained a bad in time, and eventually, he went out of business.

A) rival	B) competition
C) reputation	D) popularity
E) display	

- 9- After his father's death, Michael was by his mother and his grandmother.

A) brought about	B) run out
C) looked into	D) brought up
E) covered up	

- 10- There are some road works on the mountain to Workington. You can go round the coast road, but this is much longer, so whichever way you go, allow plenty of time.

A) line	B) way
C) route	D) summit
E) direction	

- 11- While walking home from school yesterday, Keith was by five youths from another school for no apparent reason. When he arrived home, his nose was bleeding and his school uniform was torn.

A) set up	B) beaten up
C) brought up	D) cheered up
E) creased up	

- 12- It's been six weeks now since Ruben broke his leg. He is getting very staying at home unable to do anything but watch the silly television programmes.

A) amused	B) frustrated
C) resistible	D) hectic
E) celebrated	

- 13- I have an offer for a job in a language school in Manchester. I am going for an interview in two weeks' time.

A) applied	B) appealed
C) joined	D) received
E) relayed	

14- If I don't pay my club fees at the golf club soon, my will run out at the end of the month.

- A) existence B) membership
C) partnership D) community
E) attendance

15- Jenny says Sophie is boring because she is so, but I think it's a good thing that she isn't reckless and irresponsible.

- A) thoughtless B) vain
C) indifferent D) sensible
E) mischievous

16- He is a politician. He has used his position to secure free holidays and luxury goods for all of his family.

- A) polluted B) contaminated
C) soiled D) corrupt
E) broken

17- During my first week in Texas, USA, I felt very tired because I wasn't to the hot weather and humidity that they get there.

- A) irritated B) frustrated
C) accustomed D) settled
E) plagued

18- Two days after the bank robbery, the police arrested three men who they strongly of carrying out the crime.

- A) committed B) suspected
C) charged D) grasped
E) chased

19- No main course for a dinner party is complete without a tasty sauce over it.

- A) poured B) grown
C) spilt D) sprinkled
E) dropped

20- My grandfather's heart operation was successful and the doctors predict that he will make a full

- A) collapse B) connection
C) prospect D) deterioration
E) recovery

21- The lawyer told me that, although it will be an unpleasant experience, the victim needs me to be a/an at the trial of her attacker.

- A) witness B) performer
C) presenter D) convict
E) accomplice

22- If the computer game is, then you should take it back to the shop and demand a perfect replacement.

- A) dull B) tricky
C) faulty D) rotten
E) lengthy

23- Oceanographers measuring the floor of the Atlantic Ocean have found evidence to the continental drift theory.

- A) conceal B) support
C) supply D) apply
E) recommend

24- During the Vietnam War, the Americans used to burn and villages so that the guerillas would have no one to feed and assist them.

- A) populate B) abandon
C) exhaust D) integrate
E) evacuate

25- Small European and Japanese compact cars began to a larger share of the American market in the mid-1950s.

- A) invade B) expand
C) capture D) exceed
E) favour

26- Until she has mastered the computer system, she will be by the Office Manager.

- A) repaired B) leased
C) supervised D) regulated
E) controlled

27- On the 4th August 2003, Marcus's son Jacob will the running of the family hotel and restaurant. Marcus has run the business for over thirty years, but will be retiring.

- A) see off B) set up
C) go across D) take over
E) bring out

28- I don't think he meant it I think he was joking.

- A) humorously B) vigorously
C) extremely D) seriously
E) heavily

29- We cannot drive from New York to Georgia in one day. We will have to stay somewhere

- A) overtime B) overall
C) overland D) overview
E) overnight

30- A nurse's working hours are long and the work is demanding, but the are low in comparison to other skilled jobs.

- A) receipts B) costs
C) wages D) gifts
E) profits

31- Cous cous makes a tasty to rice or pasta.

- A) alteration B) chance
C) escort D) dessert
E) alternative

32- What have you said or done to your little sister to her? She is in her room crying.

- A) devastate B) entertain
C) upset D) amaze
E) disappoint

33- I'm sorry I can't come with you because I have had to pay for some repairs to my car this month and I am totally

- A) broke B) soiled
C) cracked D) plastered
E) damaged

34- Each cashier must count the money left in the cash till when he takes over and sign the sheet to that there is £50 worth of change present.

- A) confirm B) deny
C) admit D) reflect
E) create

35- Telling your mother that you were at basketball practice when, in fact, you were in the city was very You must apologise to her and promise never to do it again.

- A) greedy B) restless
C) deceitful D) faulty
E) spiteful

36- During the qualifying rounds, the world champion runner injured his leg and had to from the event.

- A) resign B) reverse
C) remove D) withdraw
E) deduce

37- As I had bought the tickets for the Commonwealth Games three months, I had forgotten where I had put them by the time of the event.

- A) in between B) in advance
C) in conclusion D) on behalf
E) on occasions

38- She found the noise and pollution in London and moved to the countryside.

- A) invaluable B) fearful
C) unbearable D) tolerant
E) regretful

39- I have known Steve for ten years now, and I have to say that I find him a totally man. He is honest, hardworking and friendly.

- A) conceited B) precise
C) holy D) ordinary
E) decent

40- The staff at the hospital were so unhelpful that she lost her and shouted at the receptionist.

- A) anger B) confidence
C) fortune D) temper
E) enthusiasm